

New excitations in Spintronics



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Spin Seebeck effect induced by magnon polarons

The spin Seebeck effect (SSE) [1] refers to the generation of a spin current in magnetic materials by a temperature gradient. In the SSE, a thermally generated magnon spin current in a magnet is converted into a conduction-electron spin current in a metal attached to the magnet via the interfacial spin-exchange interaction. The spin current is detected as an electric voltage via the inverse spin Hall effect in the metal. Recent studies revealed that the SSE provides a sensitive probe for magnon dynamics in magnetic materials [2,3]. In this talk, we report anomalous peak structures in the magnetic field-dependent SSE voltages induced by hybridized magnon-phonon excitation (or magnon polarons [4-6]) at the band (anti-)crossings between the magnon and phonon dispersion curves in $Y_3Fe_5O_{12}$ (YIG). The SSE anomalies appear when the magnon and phonon dispersion curves touch, which maximizes the phase space of magnon-polaron formation. The experimental results are well reproduced by a Boltzmann equation including the magnetoelastic coupling. The peak structures of the SSE can thereby be attributed to the spin current carried by magnon polarons exhibiting longer lifetimes than pure magnons [4,5]. During the talk, we will also address the magnon-polaron features in the spin Peltier effect, the reciprocal effect of the SSE [7,8], referring to the heat-current generation as a result of a spin current.

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