



PIONEERING SYNCHROTRON SCIENCE



2019

ESRF – ILL 6th Summer School Undergraduate Students

Science at synchrotrons and the ESRF

Welcome!

Francesco Sette

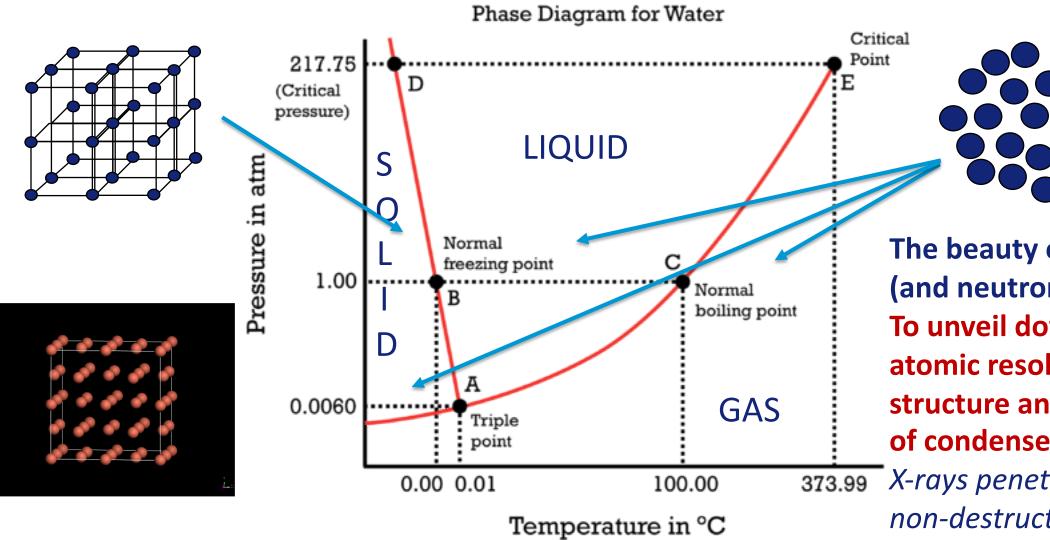




Outlook:

- X-ray science and the development of Synchrotron Radiation as a unique source of light
- > Examples and future perspectives

Atoms – Molecules – Condensed Matter



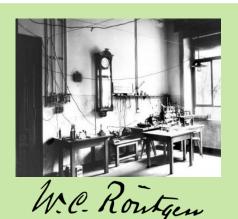
The beauty of X-rays (and neutrons): To unveil down to atomic resolution the structure and dynamics of condensed matter -X-rays penetration and non-destructiveness

The Spectacular Success of X-ray Science

X-ray Science: Imaging, Scattering, Diffraction, Spectroscopy

1895

2019











Coherent X-ray Sources

25 Nobel prizes in Physics (14), Chemistry (12) and Medicine and Physiology (1) since the first one in 1901

Era of Crystals

1900

Structure-function-relations
Phase diagrams
Large unit cell crystals
Protein crystallography

2000

Era of Complexity

Bio- and nano-technologies
Highly correlated systems
Non-equilibrium matter



X-RAYS: DISCOVERY IN 1895 AND THE FIRST STEPS

X-rays ... some kind of unknown particles without mass and charge



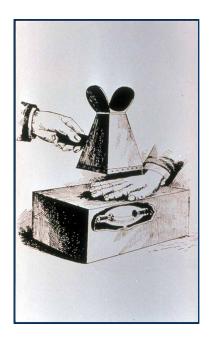
Wilhelm Conrad Röntgen (1845-1923) First Nobel Prize for Physics, 1901



The first "röntgenogram" 8 November 1895







(1895) RÖNTGEN'S EXPERIMENT

after W.C. Röntgen Über eine neue art von Strahlen. Phys.-Med. Ges., Würzburg, <u>137</u>, (1895) English translation in Nature <u>53</u>, 274, (1896)

On a new kind of Rays



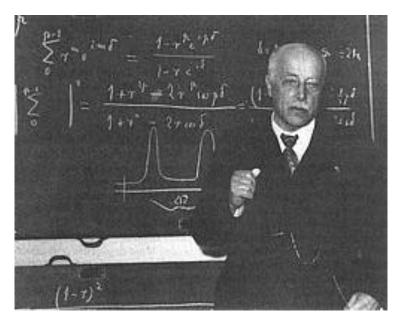
- "... A piece of sheet of aluminium, 15 mm thick, still allowed the X-rays (as I will call the rays, for sake of brevity) to pass ..."
- "... Detection of interference phenomena has been tried without success, perhaps only because of their feeble intensity..."
- "... The refractive index ... cannot be more than 1.05 at most ... X-rays cannot be concentrated by lenses ..."
- "... Photographic plates and film are susceptible to X-rays, providing a valuable means of recording the effects ..."

name, coherence, optics, detectors



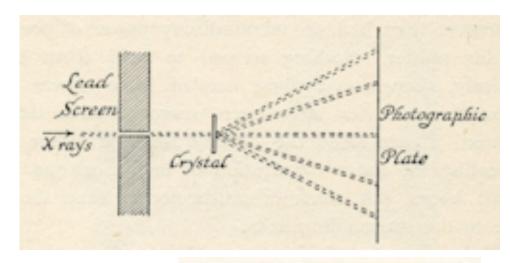
X-RAYS: DISCOVERY OF X-RAY DIFFRACTION IN 1912

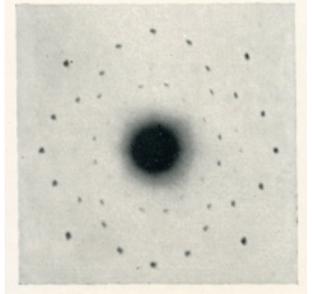
X-rays ... some kind of waves



Max Von Laue (1879-1960) Nobel Prize for Physics, 1914



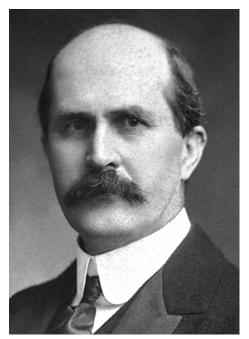


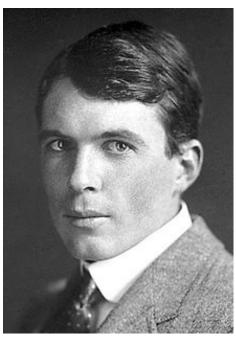


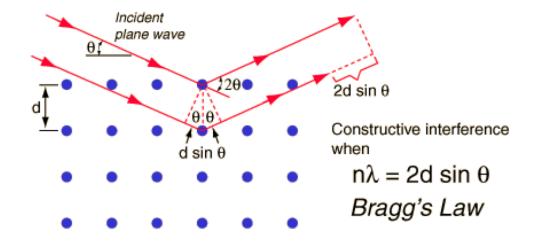


X-RAYS: DISCOVERY OF BRAGG'S LAW AND CRYSTALLOGRAPHY IN 1913

X-rays ... some kind of waves with "atomic resolution"

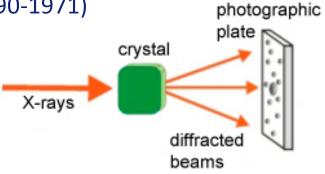


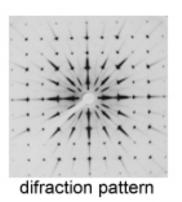




W.H. (1862-1942) and W.L. Bragg(1890-1971) Nobel Prize for Physics, 1915

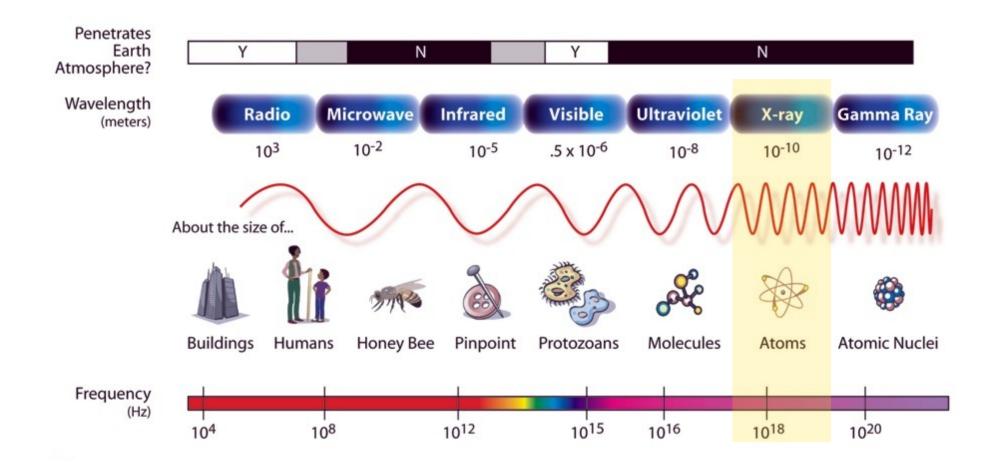




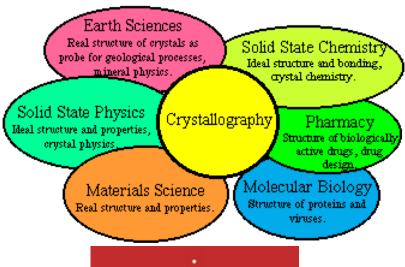


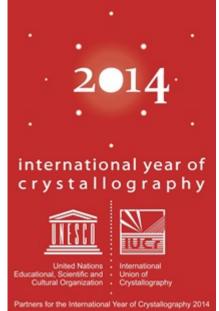


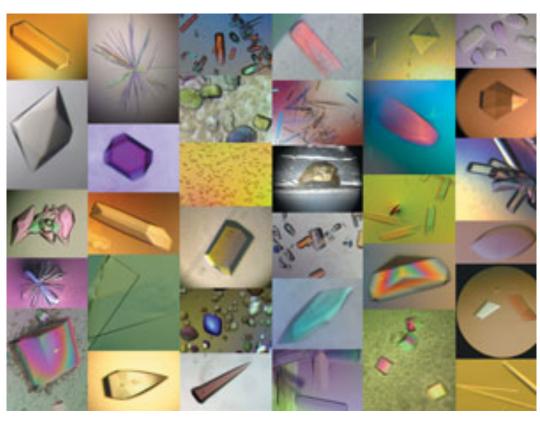
THE ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM



X-ray crystallography: understanding materials and living matter

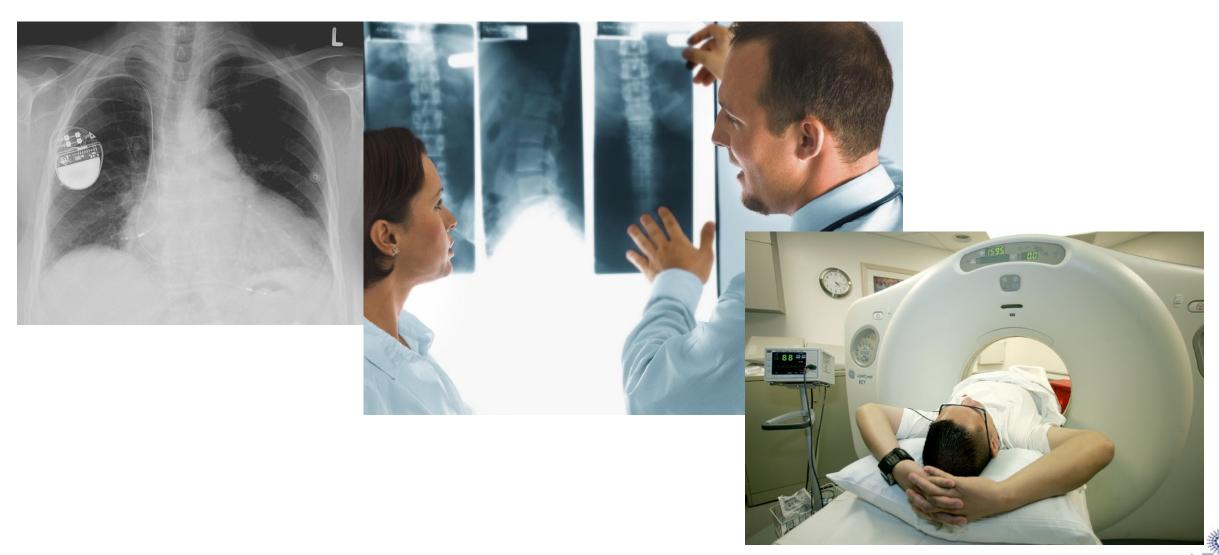








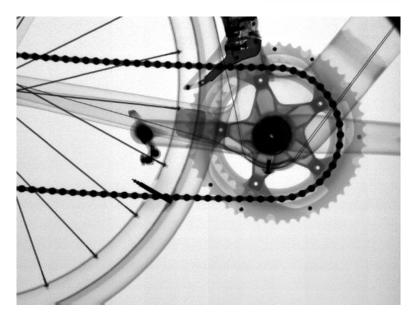
X-rays and Medical Applications



X-rays for security and against fraud







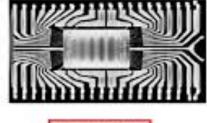
X-rays and Manufacturing Quality and Counterfeiting Control



Automotive Industry

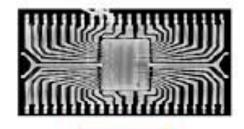
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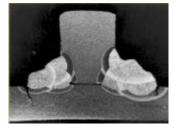


Authentic

Micro-electronics Industry



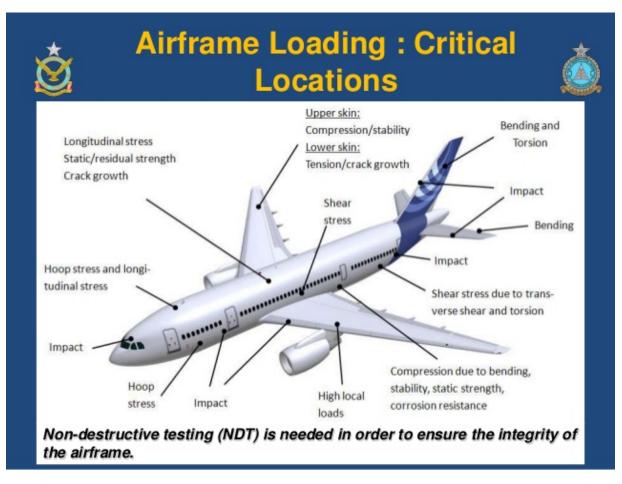


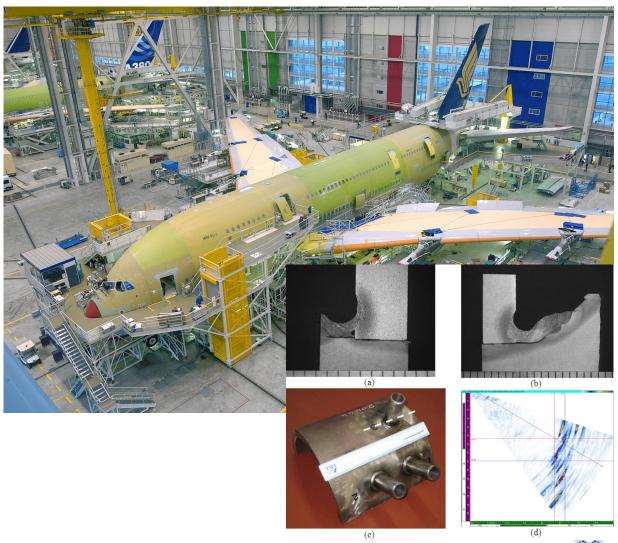


Non-destructive Testing



X-rays and critical controls: Airplanes, Boats, Trains, etc.





X-rays and food control



Bruker Portable Handheld XRF Analyser





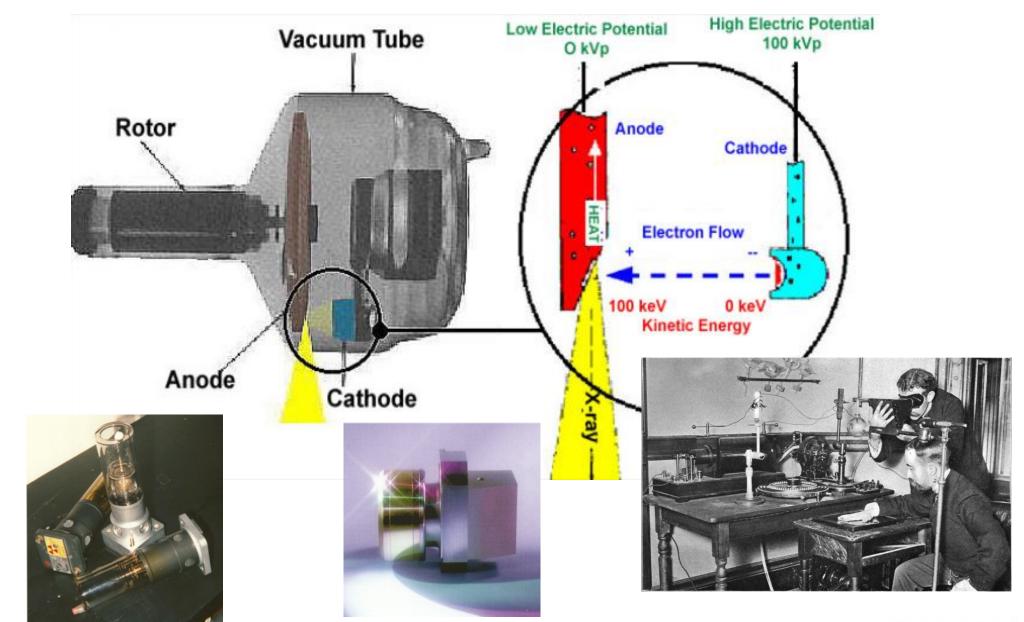
Synchrotron based phase contrast X-ray imaging combined with FTIR spectroscopy reveals structural and biomolecular differences in spikelets play a significant role in resistance to Fusarium in wheat

Lahlali et al.



Lahlali et al. BMC Plant Biology 2015, 14:3 http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2229/14/3



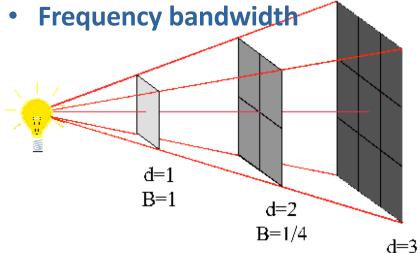


X-RAY SOURCES: TUBES

Conventional X-ray Sources

Source Brilliance: Number of photons normalized to

- Transverse source area
- Source emission angle

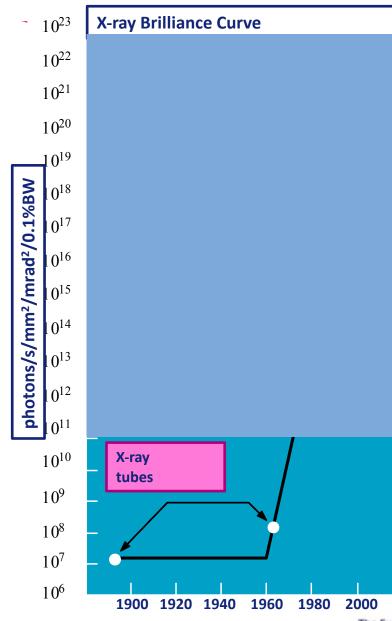


Source Brightness:

B=1/9

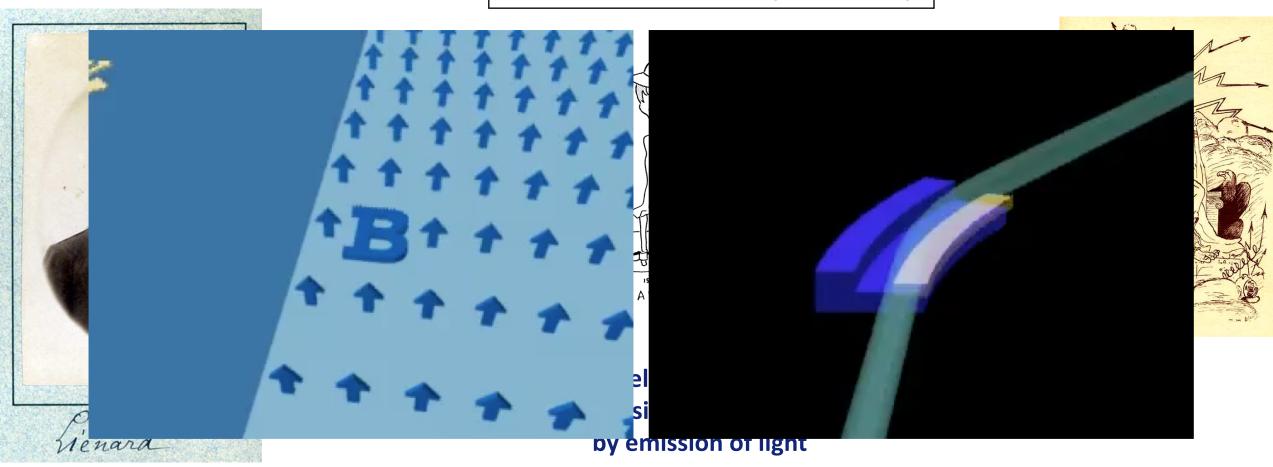
Number of photons normalized to

- Unit area
- Frequency bandwidth



RELATIVISTIC ELECTRONS

Alfred-Marie LIENARD (1869-1958)



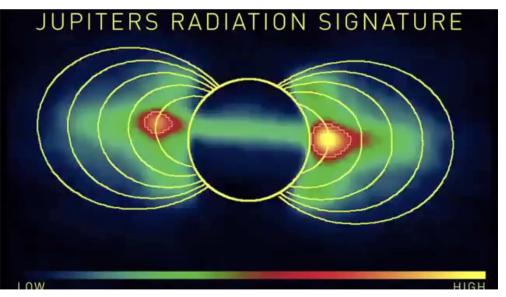
"Champ électrique et magnétique produit par une charge électrique concentrée en un point et animée d'un mouvement quelconque" L'Éclairage Électrique, 16(27), pp. 5-14 (1898)



SYNCHROTRON LIGHT

Synchrotron Radiation from the Sky Crab Nebula Jupiter's radiation belts





Gas emission (reddish) and synchrotron radiation (bluish) generated by high energy electrons in the magnetic field of a neutron star.

Radiation belts of Jupiter: high energy electrons in the magnetic field of the planet produce synchrotron light, which reproduces the field distribution.



First Observation of Synchrotron Radiation



The General Electric team (Langmuir, Elder, Gurewitsch, Charlton and Pollock) looking at the vacuum chamber of the 70 MeV synchrotron (1947).

X-RAY SOURCES: TUBES AND SYNCHROTRON LIGHT

Conventional X-ray Sources and

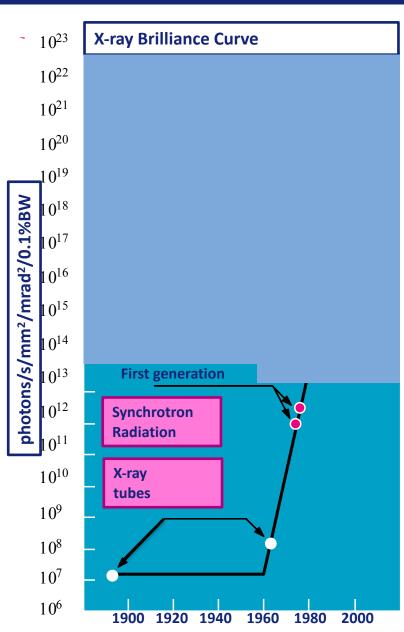
Synchrotron Radiation

Storage Ring, 1961-1964
Key Time for Synchrotron Radiation
First Generation SR Sources



ADA in Frascati (INFN), the first storage ring for electron and positron beams rotating in opposite Directions.

Proposed by Bruno Touschek (1921-1978), in 1960





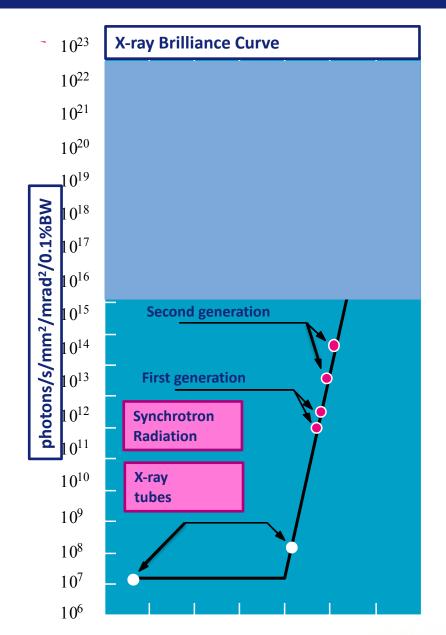
X-RAY SOURCES: TUBES AND SYNCHROTRON LIGHT

Conventional X-ray Sources and

Synchrotron Radiation

Tantalus – University of Wisconsin The first dedicated source of Synchrotron Radiation, 1968 Second Generation SR Sources







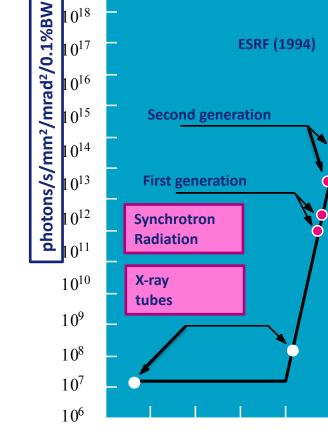
X-RAY SOURCES: TUBES AND SYNCHROTRON LIGHT

Conventional X-ray Sources and Synchrotron Radiation

Chasman-Green Lattice Brookhaven, 1975 The way to very low vertical emittance storage rings, and to very high brightness Third Generation SR Sources **ESRF 1992**

> ~100,000,000,000 Brighter than a **Laboratory Source**

> > Synchrotron



X-ray Brilliance Curve

ESRF (2011)

ESRF (2007)

ESRF (2000)

ESRF (1994)

 10^{23}

 10^{22}

 10^{21}

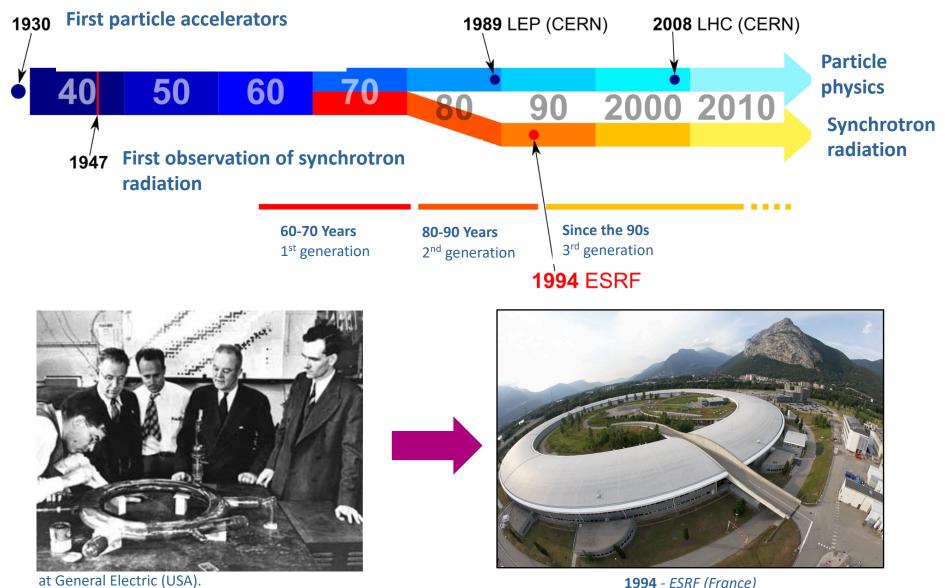
 10^{20}

 10^{19}

 10^{18}

 0^{17}

HISTORY OF THE SYNCHROTRON SOURCES



A QUESTION OF SCALE





CERN

The Large Hadron Collider: circumference 27 km

7 TeV protons and anti-protons on two opposite trajectories

Operation-cost/year: 700 million euros

ESRF

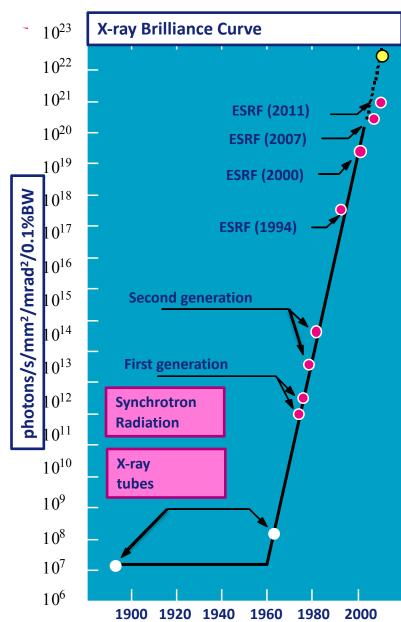
The storage ring for Synchrotron Light: circumference 844 m

6 GeV electrons

Operation-cost/year: 80 million euros



A VERY BRILLIANT LIGHT



Remarkable properties c synchrotron light

- Brilliance
- Coherence
- Pulsed emission (duration of a flash: 50 ps)

Moreover:

- Flux
- Polarisation
- Beam stability

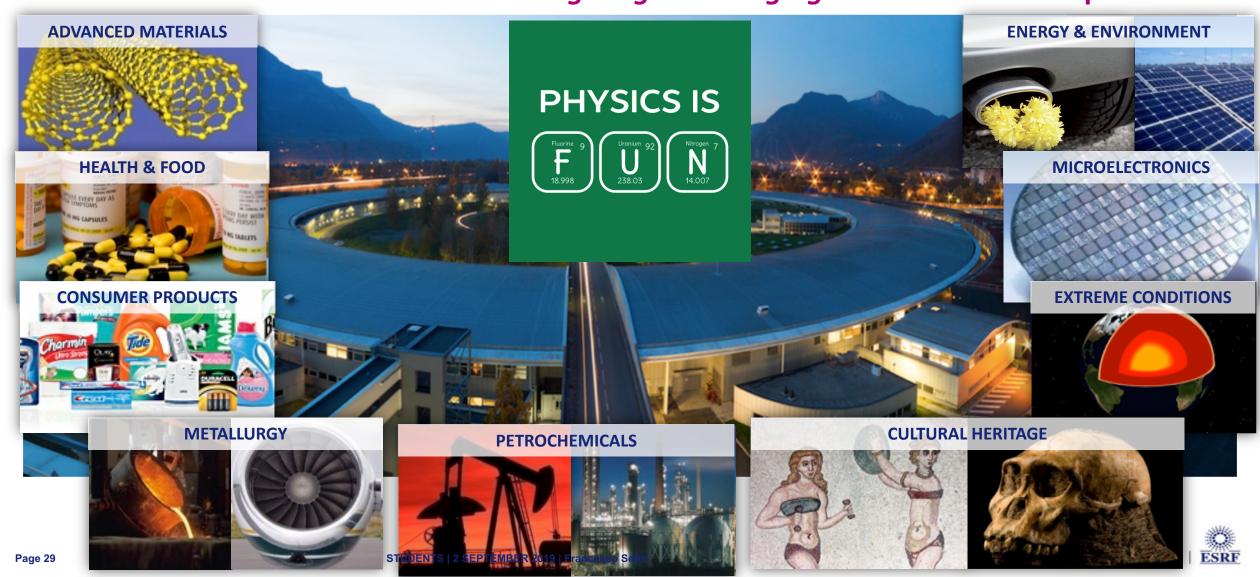


Major synchrotrons in the world



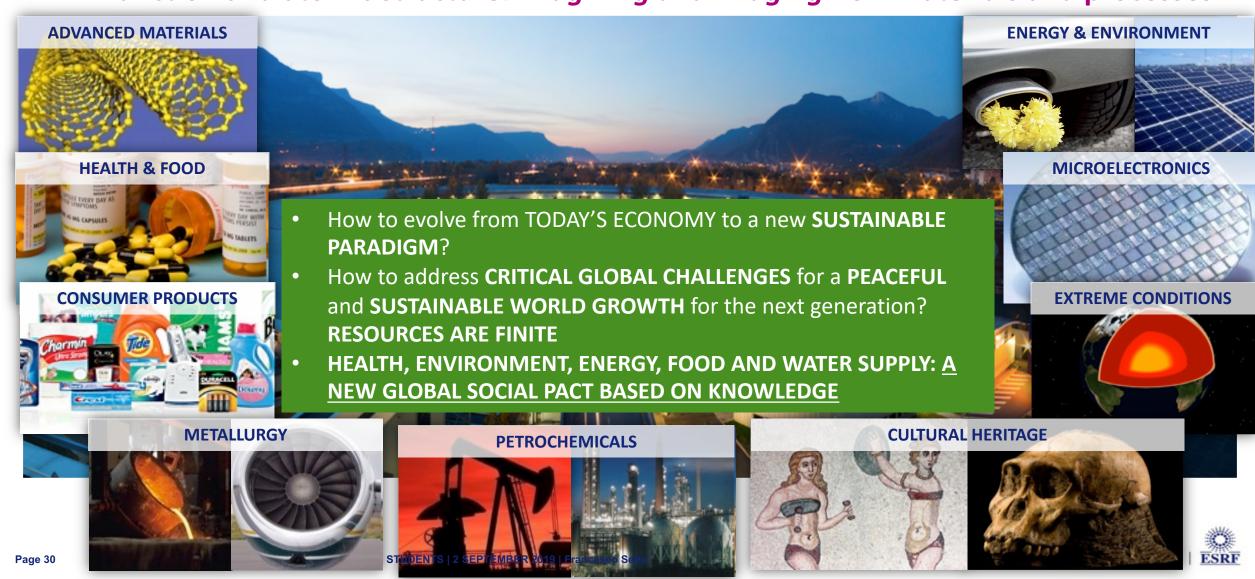
ESRF: X-RAY SCIENCE AND APPLICATIONS

Fundamental, applied and industrial research on atoms structure and dynamics link function and atomic structure: *imagining and imaging* new materials and processes



ESRF: X-RAY SCIENCE AND APPLICATIONS

Fundamental, applied and industrial research on atoms structure and dynamics link function and atomic structure: *imagining and imaging* new materials and processes



THIRD GENERATION SYNCHROTRON SOURCES

MODERN THIRD GENERATION SYNCHROTRONS WORLDWIDE: CONSTRUCTED ON THE SUCCESS OF THE **ESRF**



SYNCHROTRON



THE ESRF: BRINGING NATIONS TOGETHER THROUGH SCIENCE



22 PARTNER COUNTRIES

13 Member states:	E. A. F.
France	27.5 %
Germany	24.0 %
Italy	13.2 %
United Kingdom	10.5 %
Russia	6.0 %
Benesync	5.8 %
(Belgium, The Netherlands)	-
Nordsync	5.0 %
(Denmark, Finland, Norway, Swe	den)
Spain	4.0 %
Switzerland	4.0 %

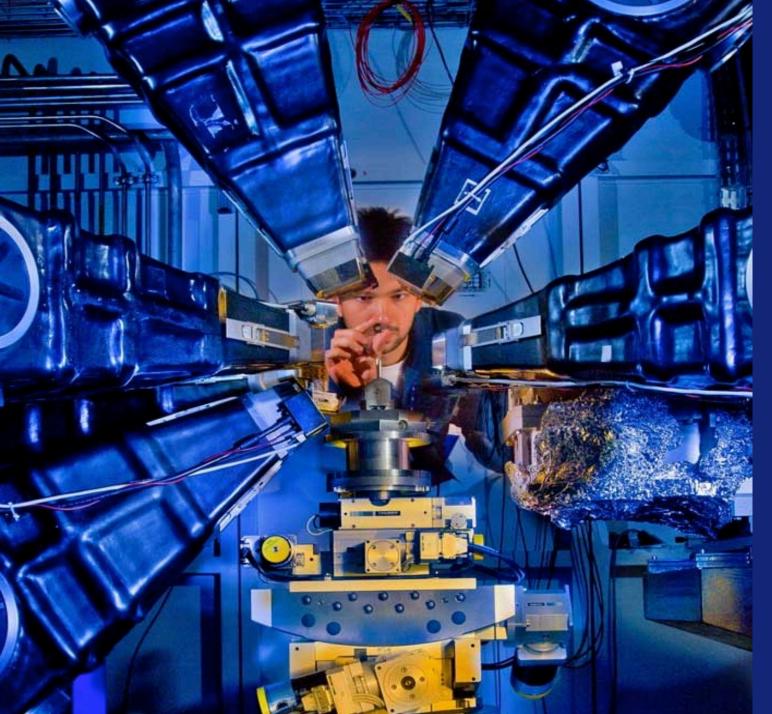
10 Associate countries:

TO Associate Countries.	
Austria	1.75 %
Israel	1.75 %
Centralsync	1.05 %
(Czech Republic, Hungary, Slovakia)	
Poland	1.00 %
Portugal	1.00 %
India	0.66 %
South Africa	0.30 %



- Access based on scientific excellence
- 11 Beam time allocation panels made of international experts in charge of peer-reviewing proposals for 44 beamlines
- Travel and local costs refunded to users
- Staff: ~ 700
- Partner countries' contributions: ~ 85 M€/year
- Annual Operation Budget: ~100 M€





ESRF's missions

- ➤ Design, construct, operate and develop state-of-the-art X-ray synchrotron instruments to the benefit of the scientific communities of the Member and Associate countries
- ➤ Serve the international community for the advancement of knowledge and to address global societal challenges
- ➤ Support the use of X-rays by industry from Member and Associate countries to strengthen its competiveness in the global scale
- ➤ Train the next generation of scientists, engineers and technical staff





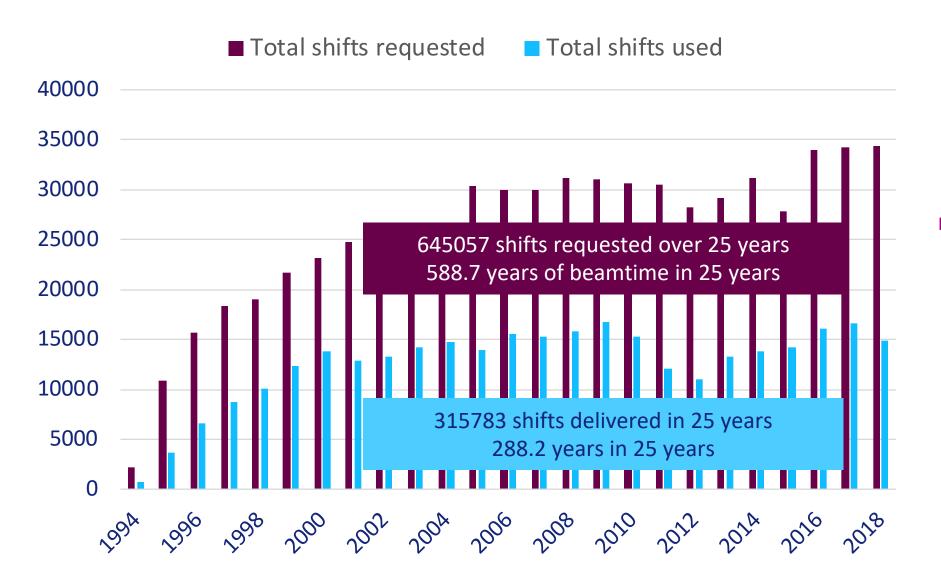
EPN SCIENCE CAMPUS: A UNIQUE SITE FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION



ESRF - EMBL - IBS



THE FIRST THIRD GENERATION SYNCHROTRON STORAGE RING: BEAM TIME 1994 - 2018



~ 600 years of requested beamtime

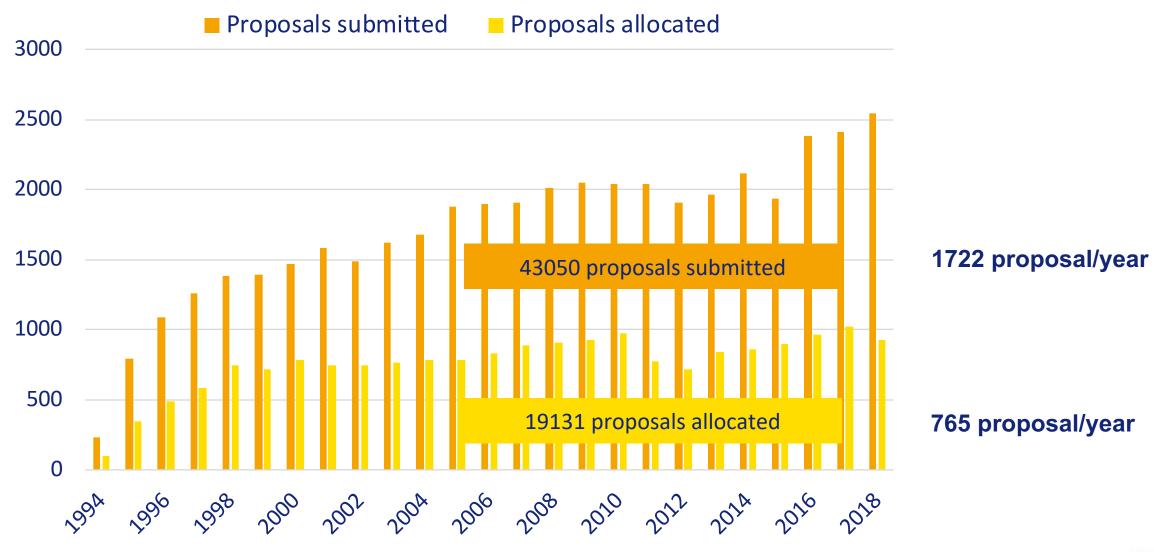
~ 23.5 years/year

~ 300 years of delivered beamtime

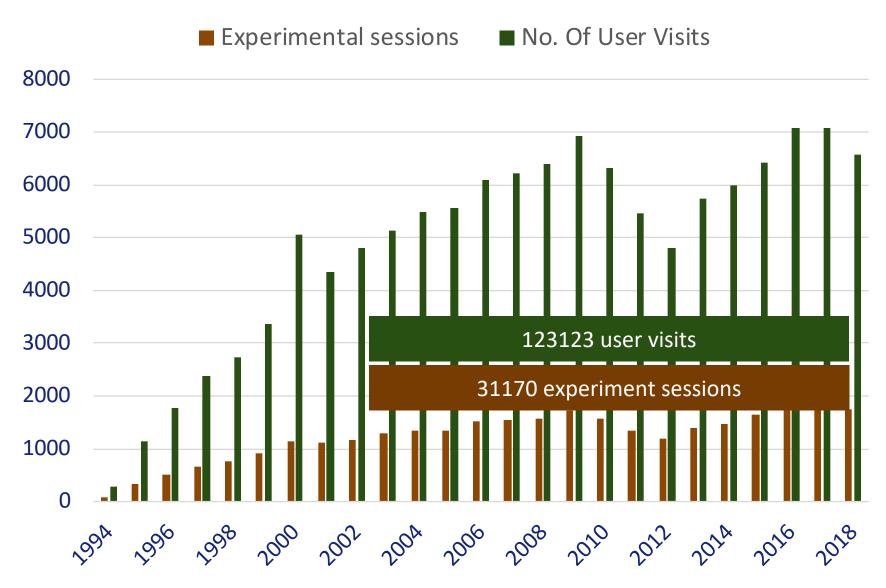
11.5 years/year



THE FIRST THIRD GENERATION SYNCHROTRON STORAGE RING: PROPOSALS 1994 - 2018



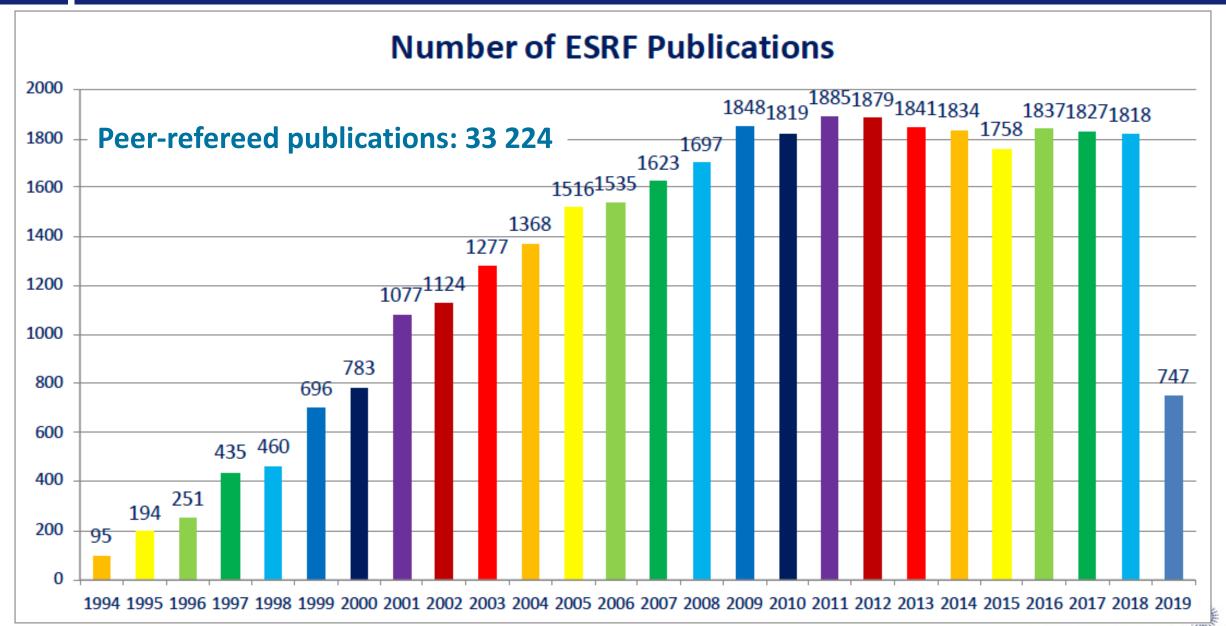
THE FIRST THIRD GENERATION SYNCHROTRON STORAGE RING: USERS VISITS 1994 - 2018



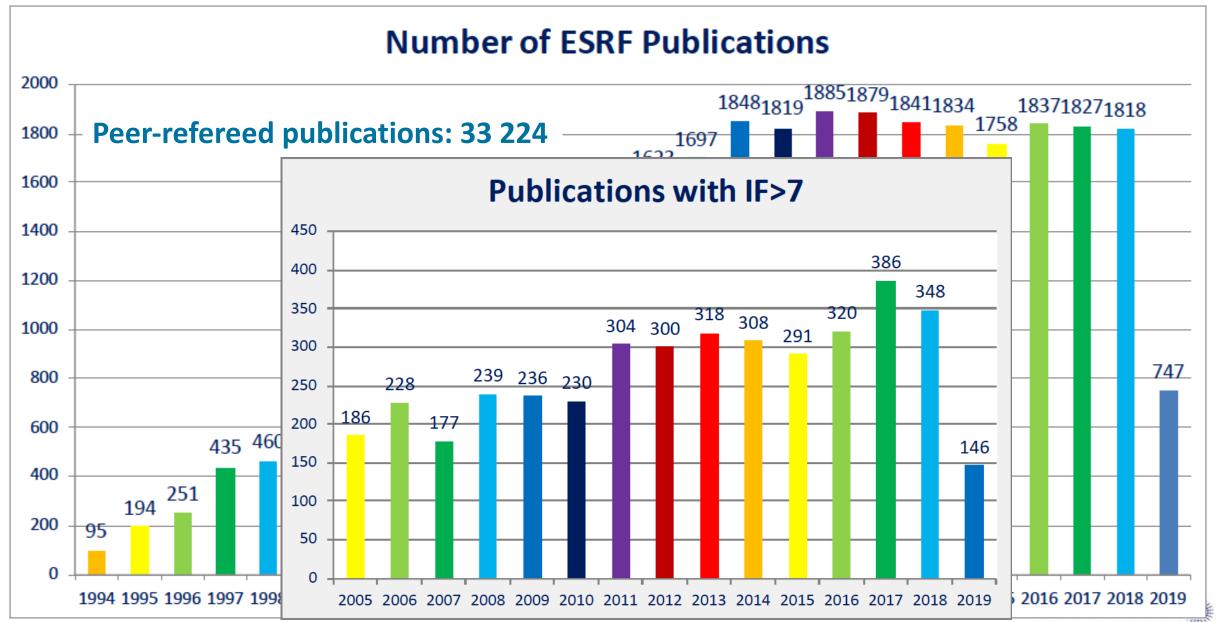
4924 user visits/year 765 exp. session/year



THE FIRST THIRD GENERATION SYNCHROTRON STORAGE RING: PUBLICATIONS 1994 TO 2019

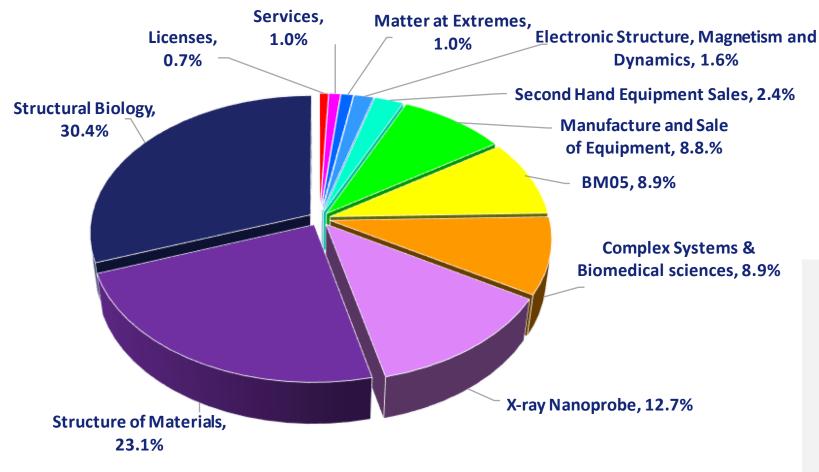


THE FIRST THIRD GENERATION SYNCHROTRON STORAGE RING: PUBLICATIONS 1994 TO 2019



INNOVATION AND INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

Commercial and Industrial activities at the ESRF Income of 3.1 M€ in 2018 (~3% Budget Operation)



Collaborative Approach:

- Problem identification
- Experiment strategy
- **Experiment**
- ❖ Data analysis
- **❖** Result



ESRF FOR THE NEXT GENERATIONS: HERCULES PROGRAMME

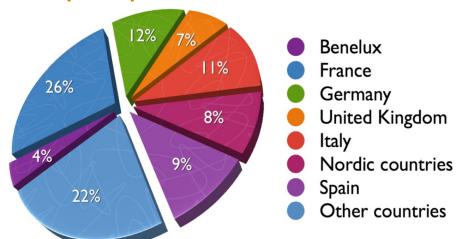
HERCULES

European School

HERCULES UNIQUENESS relies on a careful balance between **lectures** from internationally well known experts **and practical work at cutting edge experimental setups**, in neutron and synchrotron radiation large facilities

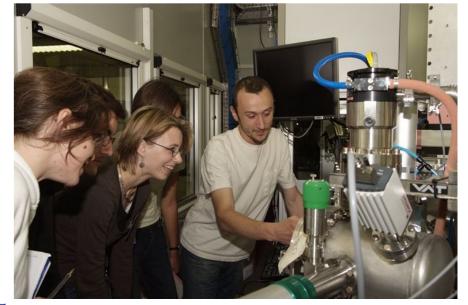


> 2200 participants since 1991



⇒29 Hercules Annual Sessions (1991-2019)

⇒~75 participants/session











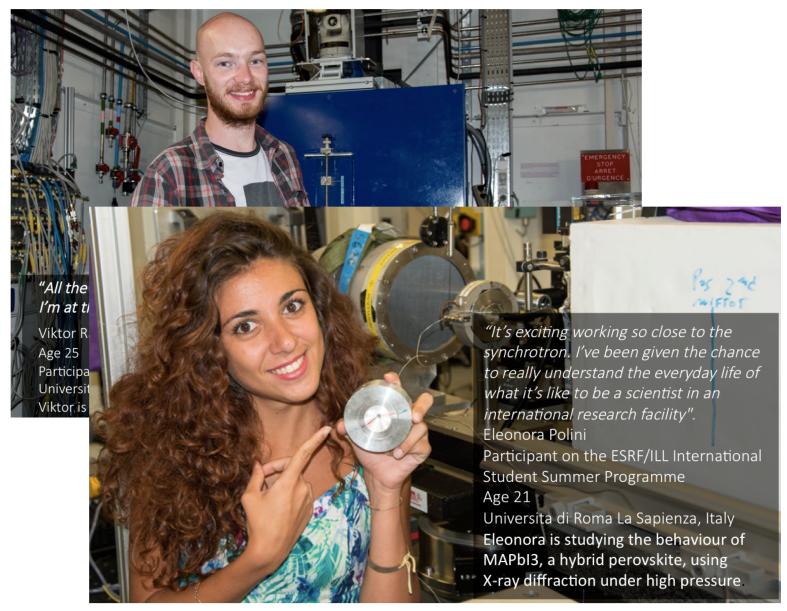








ESRF FOR THE NEXT GENERATIONS: UNDERGRADUATE STUDENT SUMMER PROGRAMME



ESRF-ILL International Undergraduate Student Summer Programme

- Increase visibility and attractiveness of ESRF and ILL among undergraduate students
- ~170 applications
- 20 students from 10-15 countries



ESRF FOR THE NEXT GENERATIONS: SYNCHROTRON AT SCHOOL PROGRAMME

Science made by and for the youngsters





- A partnership of ESRF and Académie de Grenoble
- ~1 500 high school students every year
 - High schools with scientific and technical specializations
- A day of full scientific immersion, with scientific experiments carried out
- Schools from all over











X-ray science and tomorrow's challenges

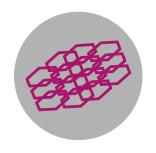
Challenges and Objectives of Storage Ring and XFEL sources:

Explore from the extremely fast:

TIME RESOLVED SCIENCE DOWN TO THE FEMTO-SECOND

- Explore from the extremely small:
 - SPACE RESOLVED SCIENCE DOWN TO THE NANO-WORLD
- New tools to investigate condensed and living matter, bridging gaps and complementing optical and electron microscopies
- News tools to address pressing technological, health and environmental challenges facing Society.

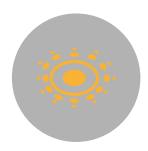
New, better science







Health & life sciences

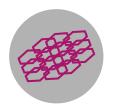


Energy and Environment

A new paradigm for beamlines and source:

European X-ray Free Electron Laser ESRF Upgrade Programme PHASE I and ESRF-EBS

ESRF X-ray science programme lines up with HORIZON EUROPE challenges



New and innovative materials



Health & life sciences





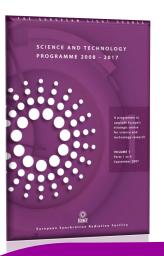
ESRF SCIENCE MISSION FOR THE COMING DECADE – ENABLING USERS SCIENCE CONTRIBUTING TO:

- 1. Health, health innovation, and overcoming cancer and neurodegenerative diseases
- 2. Material for tomorrow, and innovative and sustainable industry
- 3. Clean Energy transition, sustainable energy storage and clean hydrogen technologies
- 4. Planetary (terrestrial and extra-terrestrial) formation
- 5. Environmental and climatic challenges, water supplies and earth atmosphere
- 6. Bio-based economy and food security
- 7. Humanity and world cultural heritage



EBS SCIENCE PROGRAMME STATUS AND MID-TERM REVIEW: PREPARING EBS SCIENCE

Purple Book January 2008





ESRF UPGRADE PHASE I 180 M€ (2009-2015):

- ESFRI ROADMAP 2006-2016
- ESFRI LANDMARK (2016)
- IN TIME WITHIN BUDGET

19 NEW BEAMLINES:

- many specialised on *nano*-science
- Proven successful and productive (2015-2018)
- Study for a new brighter storage ring X-ray source





ESRF EBS: AN AMBITIOUS NEW STANDARD FOR SYNCHROTRON STORAGE RINGS

January

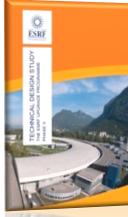
Purple

Book

2008







Orange Book January 2015

ESRF UPGRADE PHASE I 180 M€ (2009-2015): **ESFRI ROADMAP 2006-2016 ESFRI LANDMARK (2016)** In time – within the budget

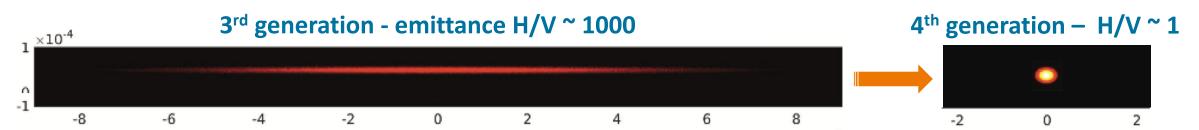
- 19 new beamlines specialised on nano-science

- Study for a new brighter storage ring X-ray source **ESRF-EBS Extremely Brilliant Source** 150M€ (2015-2022) **ESFRI LANDMARK (2016):**

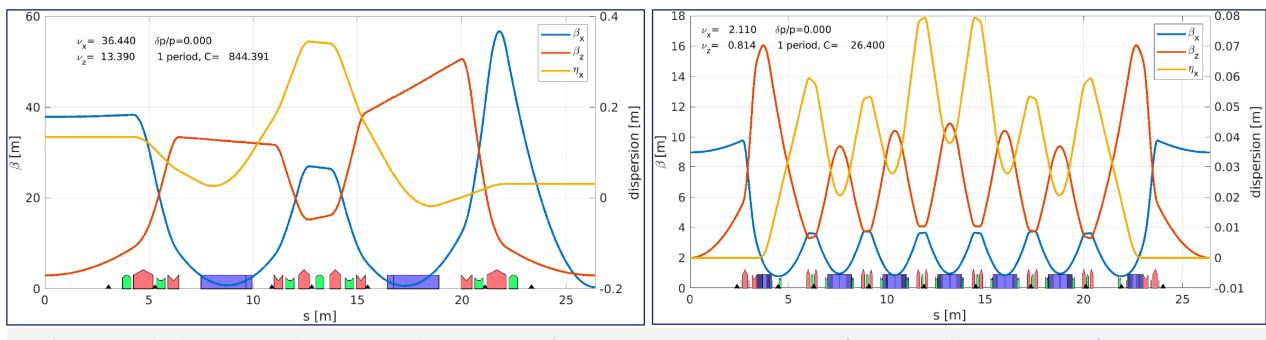
- The 1st high-energy fourthgeneration synchrotron
- 4 new flagship beamlines
- **Detectors, Instrumentation** and Data Management Infrastructure







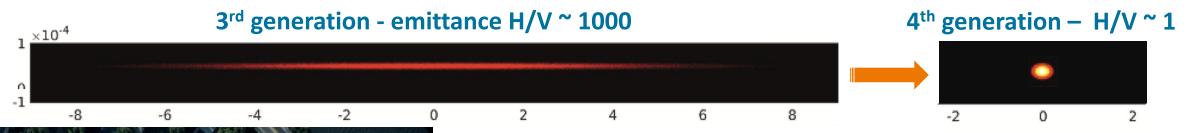
D. Einfeld (1993): from the double-bend to the multiple (n)-bend Chasman-Green achromat lattice to drastically reduce the Horizontal Emittance

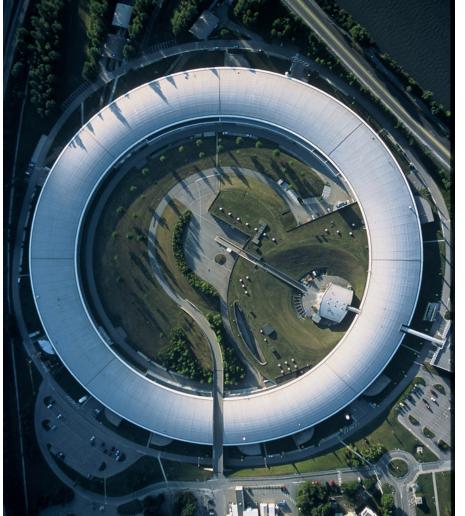


Unfortunately, however, this approach is a no-go for upgrading 6+ GeV rings (ESRF, P. Elleaume 2005):

- Very small Dynamical Aperture (unstable Operation)
- Quadrupole and sextupole optics with field gradients out of technological reach
- Not for an Upgrade keeping the same electron energy and the same ring tunnel



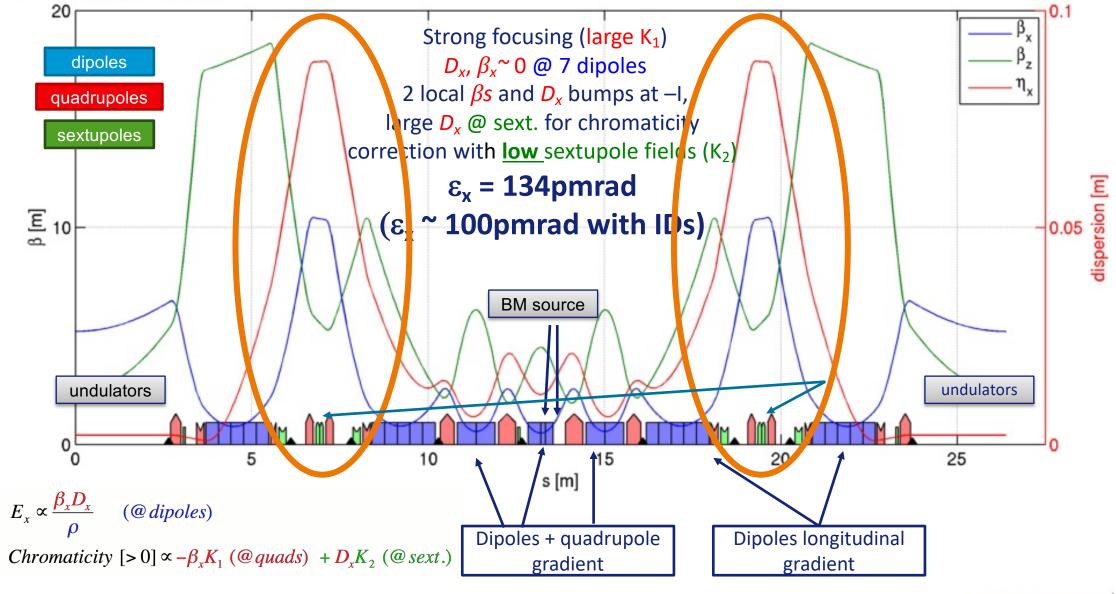




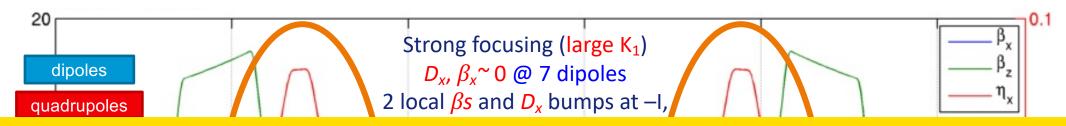
No real interest to upgrade existing high energy storage ring facilities

But a factor of at least (23/4)² ~ 40 of potential horizontal emittance reduction is still looking at you ...

2012 - 2013: P. RAIMONDI AND ESRF COLLEAGUES INVENT AND DEVELOP THE HMBA LATTICE CONCEPT



2012 – 2013: P. RAIMONDI AND ESRF COLLEAGUES INVENT AND DEVELOP THE HMBA LATTICE CONCEPT



Deliberate increase of the e-beam size in the middle of the arc to enable beam bending and focusing with technologically feasible field gradients. Compensate aberrations and retrieve small beam at the arc exit using two mirror-symmetric magnetic multipole lenses

Upgrades of existing storage rings to a new low horizontal emittance lattice is no longer a dream.

90% of the infrastructure preserved.

ESRF-HMBA is the "FUTURE" and MBA is the "PAST"

Chromaticity $[>0] \propto -\beta_x K_1$ (@ quads) $+ D_x K_2$ (@ sext.)

Dipoles + quadrupole gradient

Dipoles longitudinal gradient

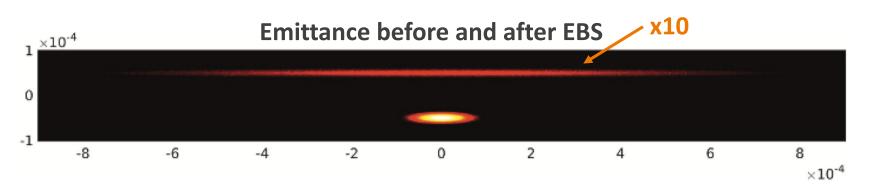


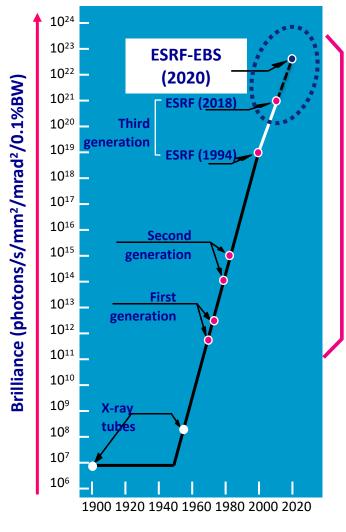
ESRF Extremely Brilliant Source The 1st high-energy 4th-generation synchrotron light source



Pantaleo Raimondi wins the Gersch Budker **IPAC17** Prize

For his invention of the "Hybrid Multi Bend Achromat" (HMBA) lattice, which has become the design basis of most future "fourth generation" synchrotron sources in the world





2015-2018: Design, Engineering, Prototyping, Procuring, Testing, Assembling the 129 girders of EBS

Moderate gradient Quadrupole & dipole-quadrupole magnets

Vacuum Chamber support

SS vacuum chambers

High-gradient



Octupole

magnets



Vacuum valves

Four families of 32 girders each (128)

One girder on a straight section for injection





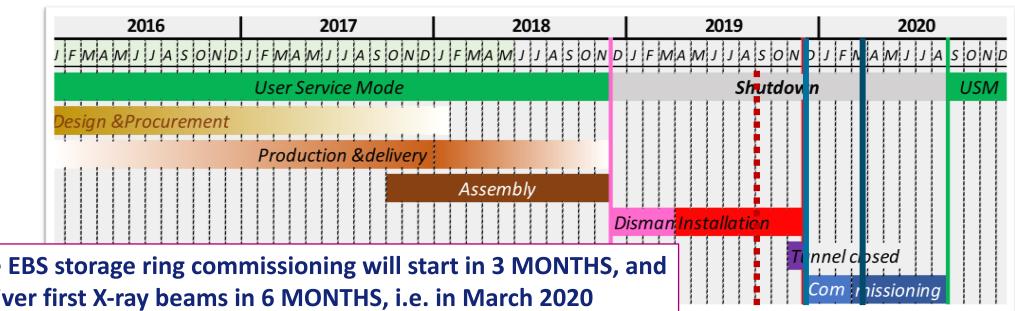
Vacuum chambers & absorbers



Girders

EBS STORAGE RING STATUS: MASTER SCHEDULE

EBS schedule



- The EBS storage ring commissioning will start in 3 MONTHS, and deliver first X-ray beams in 6 MONTHS, i.e. in March 2020
- 28 JUNE 2019 THE EBS SR PROGRAMME IS ON SCHEDULE nonths)

10 December	2018	End of USM & start of shutdown (20 months)

Dismantling (3 months) and installation (8 months)

8 November **Tunnel closed** 2019

Accelerator commissioning (4 months) December 2019

March 2020 Beamlines & Accelerator commissioning (5 months)

25 August **Back to User Mode** 2020

EBS STORAGE RING: CONSTRUCTION OF THE 129 GIRDERS

2015-2018: Design, Engineering, Prototyping, Procuring, Testing, Assembling the 129 girders of EBS

Moderate gradient Quadrupole & dipole-quadrupole magnets

Vacuum Chamber support

SS vacuum chambers

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Vacuum valv

Four families of 32 girders each (128)

One girder on a straight section for injection









Vacuum chambers & absorbers

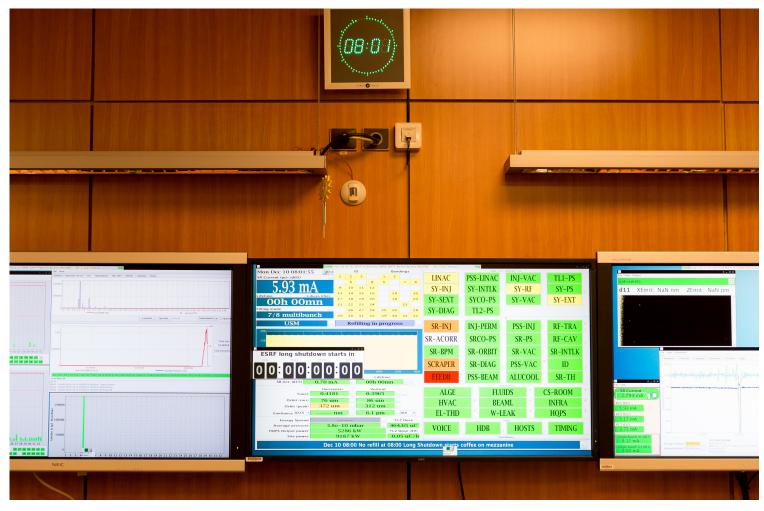


Girders

LAST BEAM FROM THE ORIGINAL ESRF DBA STORAGE RING: 8:00 AM ON 10 DECEMBER 2018

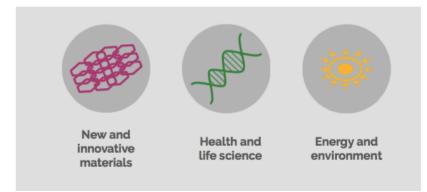


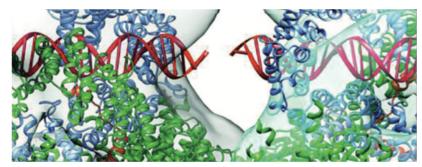






EBS EXPERIMENTAL PROGRAMME: THE FOUR FLAGSHIP BEAMLINES







EBS will enable scientists to discover new opportunities in X-ray science on the investigation of materials and living matter

Construction of 4 flagships beamlines:

EBSL1 – Beamline for Coherent X-rays Dynamics and Imaging Applications

EBSL2 – Beamline for Hard X-ray Diffraction Microscopy

EBSL3 – Beamline for High throughput Large Field Phase-contrast Tomography

EBSL8 – Beamline for Serial Macromolecular Crystallography

New and better science unveiling the secrets of nature

Detect new phenomena

Images Down to Below(?) 1 nm

Go to extreme conditions

Higher throughput and faster dynamics



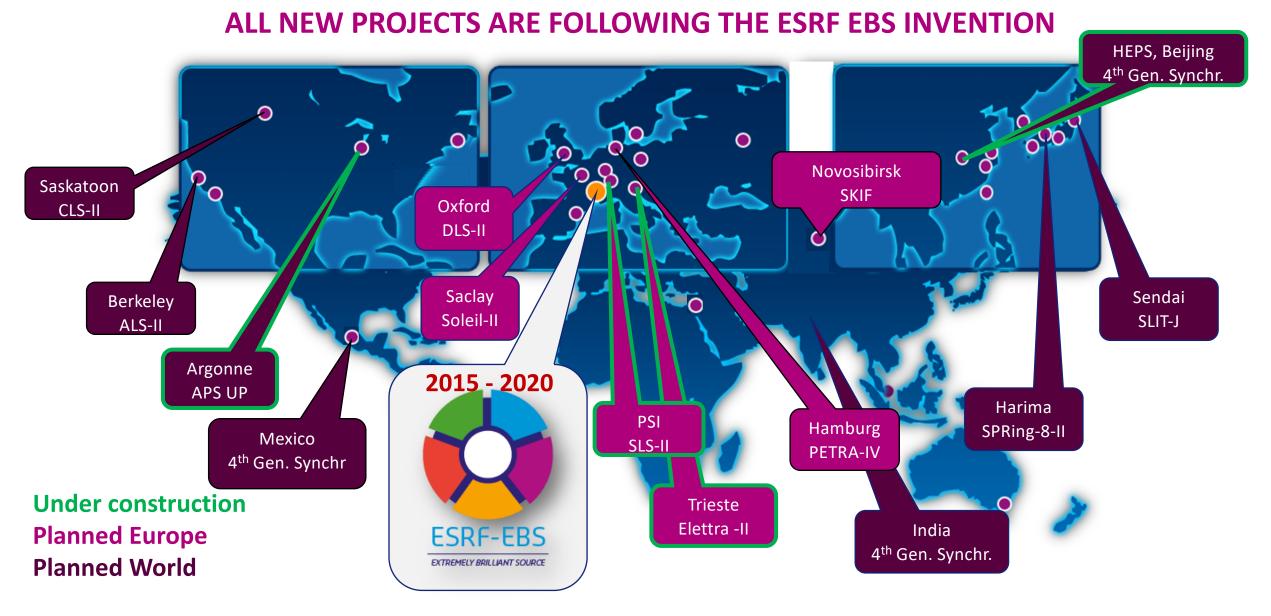
ESRF is opening a new page in X-ray science

Address complexity in condensed and living matter:

- Functioning of fundamental molecular processes: overcoming cancer and neurodegenerative diseases
 Integrated Structural Biology
- Understanding organisation, processing, use and life-cycle sustainability of materials for tomorrow: energy materials for hydrogen production and storage; bio-mineralisation processes; image formation in photonic devices; domain fluctuations in high-Tc superconductors, innovative material processing
- And much more ...

Integrated Material Science

FUTURE SYNCHROTRON STORAGE RINGS IN THE WORLD



THE EBS STORAGE RING WILL ENABLE A NEW SCIENCE REACH TO ESRF USERS WITH A FULL BEAMLINE PORTFOLIO FROM 2020



ESRF UPGRADE PROGRAMME F EBS RING AND ~40 BEAMLINES FROM 2021

~ A decade ahead of any other synchrotron facility in the world

Offering a new and revolutionary science reach to the synchrotron users



Thanks for your attention! @esrfsynchrotron