



Contribution ID: 126

Type: Poster

Studying the spin-liquid behavior in $\text{Mg}_2\text{Ho}_3\text{Sb}_3\text{O}_{14}$ and derivatives

Kagome structures are triangular lattice structures exhibiting frustrated magnetism due to geometry. A three-dimensional analogue of the Kagome lattice is the pyrochlore lattice (represented as $\text{A}_2\text{B}_2\text{O}_7$) which is constructed from corner sharing tetrahedra. Zhao-Feng Ding, et. al, have studied, Pyrochlore lattices (space group $\text{Fd-}3\text{m}$) containing A and B type of cations (magnetic, non-magnetic ions) that are stacked alternatively as A_3B and B_3A layers. By selective doping of nonmagnetic ions (e.g., Zn^{2+}), two-dimensional Kagome lattice can be isolated from the pyrochlore lattice. Z. L. Dun, et. al also studied, in the Tripod Kagome Lattice (TKL) compound, spins remain entangled and do not order in the zero-temperature limit. Therefore, the kagome compounds are potential candidates for quantum spin liquid.

We aim to scrutinize the structural and physical properties of $\text{A}_2\text{R}_3\text{Sb}_3\text{O}_{14}$ ($\text{A} = \text{Mg, Zn, Co, Ca}$; $\text{R} = \text{Ho, Pr, Y}$). The scope of the study includes magnetic and transport properties along with crystal structure and magnetic structure of these compounds. We have prepared $\text{Mg}_2\text{Ho}_3\text{Sb}_3\text{O}_{14}$, $\text{Zn}_2\text{Ho}_3\text{Sb}_3\text{O}_{14}$, $\text{Co}_2\text{Ho}_3\text{Sb}_3\text{O}_{14}$, $\text{Ca}_2\text{Pr}_3\text{Sb}_3\text{O}_{14}$ compounds by solid-state reaction method and the XRD study shows that the majority phase is $\text{Mg}_2\text{Ho}_3\text{Sb}_3\text{O}_{14}$, (Mg-Ho) with some impurity phase, Zn-Ho in single phase whereas Co-Ho and Ca-Pr are still under study. Magnetization study for Zn-Ho has been carried out by employing Physical Properties Measuring Systems (PPMS) with a magnetic field of 1000 Oe in the temperature range of 3K to 300K. No magnetic ordering was observed down to 3K. The temperature-dependent neutron diffraction by employing a powder neutron diffractometer (PD-3) is underway. Analysis of temperature-dependent neutron diffraction will lead us to understanding of magnetism involved. Through this systematic study, we also intend to explore the quantum spin liquid state in these compounds.

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