



MAGNDATA: a database of magnetic structures under the magnetic CIF format

J. Manuel Perez-Mato
Facultad de Ciencia y Tecnología
Universidad del País Vasco, UPV-EHU
BILBAO, SPAIN

MAGNDATA: A Collection of magnetic structures with portable cif-type files

Element search (separate with space or comma): ● AND ○ OR (Search)

312 structures found

Update: by Jan. 2023 it contains more than 2000 structures

Zero propagation vector



0.1 LaMnO₃



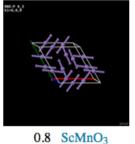


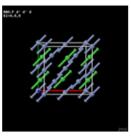
0.2 Cd₂Os₂O₇



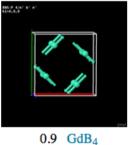


0.3 Ca₃LiOsO₆





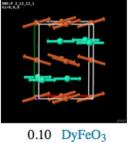
0.4 NiCr2O4







0.5 Cr₂S₃



Sr₂F₂Fe₂OS₂ (MAGNDATA #2.2)

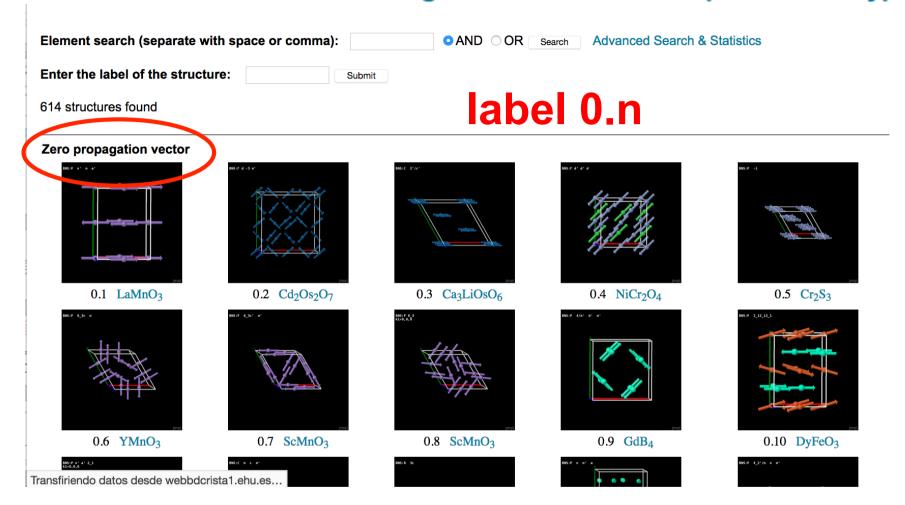
MAGNDATA: a collaborative work

- *Bilbao*: Samuel V. Gallego, J.M. Manuel Perez-Mato, L. Elcoro, G. Madariaga, Mois I. Aroyo
- Ankara: Emre S. Tasci
- Tsukuba: Koichi Momma (VESTA)
- Northfield, MN: Robert M. Hanson (Jmol)
 - J. Appl. Cryst. (2016) 49, 1750-1776 (Commensurate structures)
 - J. Appl. Cryst. (2016) 49, 1941-1956 (Incommensurate structures)

At present it keeps running through the work of:

Emre S. Tasci, Gotzon Madariaga, Luis Elcoro & J. M. Perez-Mato

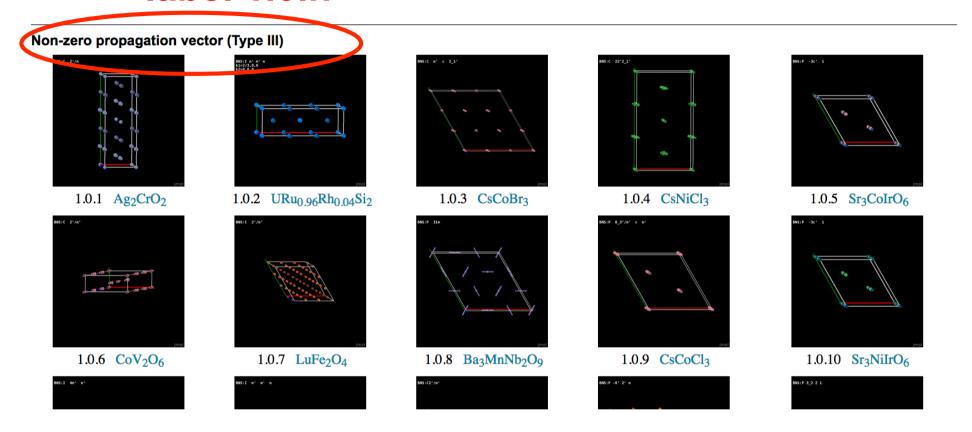
MAGNDATA: A Collection of magnetic structures with portable cif-type files



k=(0,0,0) ———————————(no antitranslation)

k=0 – structures (**Type I or III MSG symmetry**). The most interesting ones for magneto-structural properties! (magnetic point group without time reversal)

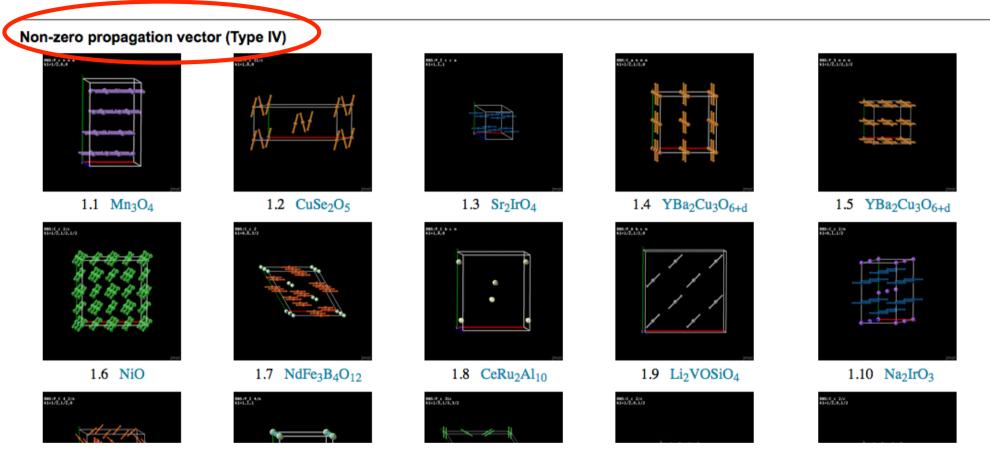
label 1.0.n



k≠(0,0,0) **BUT no antitranslation** (n**k=H** with n-odd)

Also of **Type I or III MSG symmetry**. The most interesting ones for magneto-structural properties! (magnetic point group without time reversal)

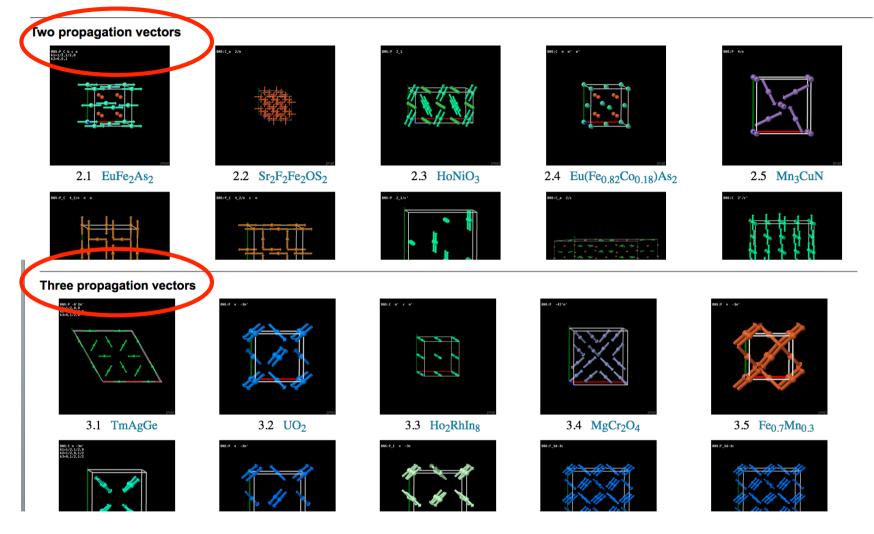
label 1.n



k≠(0,0,0) with antitranslations (nk=H with n-even)

Type IV MSG symmetry. Magnetic point group includes time reversal as those of non-magnetic structures: symmetry restrictions on linear tensor properties similar to non-magnetic structures.

labels 2.n and 3.n

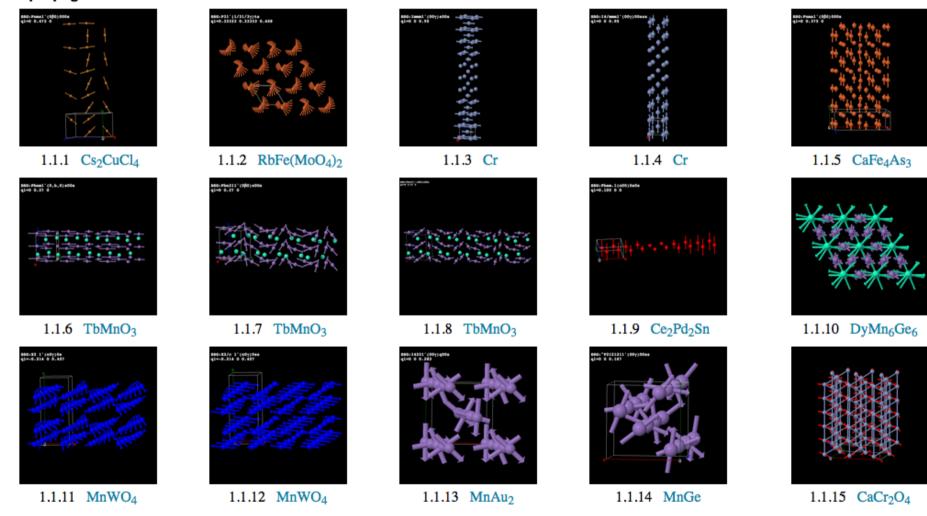


2k and ≥3k structures

All types of MSG symmetries (with and without antitranslations)

INCOMMENSURATE STRUCTURES

One propagation vector



Search optional filters

Advanced search

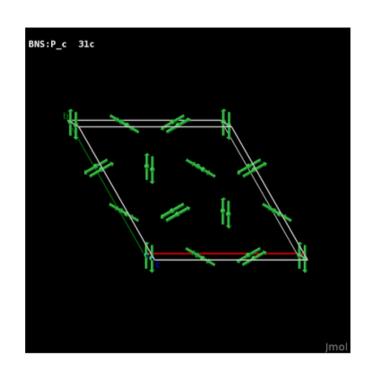
All structures Commensurate structures Incommensurate structures Element search Crystal system Standard setting **Temperatures** Class (propagation vector type) (separate with space or comma) Magnetic (super)space group Magnetic (super)space group Minimum transition temperature ☑ Class 0 ☑ Class 2 ☑ Class 1.0 ☑ Class 3 O AND O OR Parent space group Parent space group Minimum experiment temperature Total number of species Author Search in comments **Properties Properties Properties Properties** (magnetic super(space) group) (magnetic point group) (Phase transition) (magnetic phase) k-maximal? Polar? Possibly multiferroic type I? Number of wave vectors? (All) (All) Possibly multiferroic type II? Centrosymmetric? Ferromagnetic? Same point group than parent? (All) (All) **Nonzero tensors** Irreducible representations Number of irreps (All) > 1 primary irreps? (All) (None) AND OR Multidimensional full irreps? (All) Secondary irreps allowed? (All) (None Multidimensional small irreps? (All) Secondary irreps present? (All) OR AND "Secondary irreps" mentioned in comments? (All) Primary irreps with: (All) (None) Irrep general or special direction? (All) Search

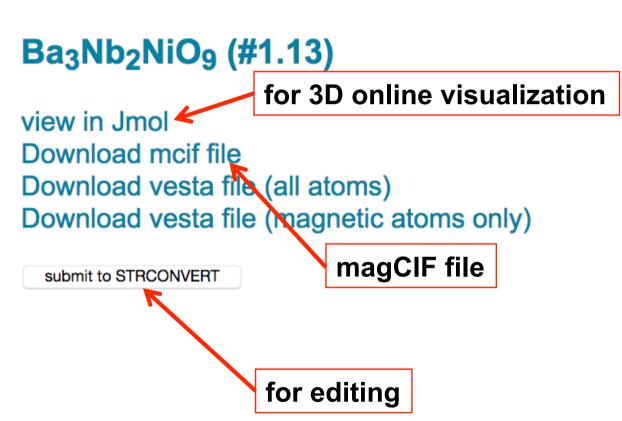
ordering according to parent space group

Other optional orderings

Entry	Structure	Propagation vector(s)	Parent space group	Transformation from parent	Magnetic (super)space group	wagnetic point group
0.127 Dy ₃ Al ₅ O ₁₂	++++	0,0,0	la-3d (230) (standard)	(a,b,c ;0,0,0)	la-3d' (230.148) (standard)	m-3m' (32.4.121)
1.1.4 Cr		0.000000,0.000000,0.950000	Im-3m (229) (standard)	(a , b , c ;0,0,0)	I4/mmm1'(00g)00sss	4/mmm1' (15.2.54)
1.1.3 Cr	And the second s	0.000000,0.000000,0.950000	Im-3m (229) (standard)	(a,b,c ;0,0,0)	Immm1'(00g)s00s	mmm1' (8.2.25)
3.16 Gd ₂ Ti ₂ O ₇		1/2,1/2,1/2 -1/2,1/2,1/2 1/2,-1/2,1/2 1/2,1/2,-1/2	Fd-3m (227) (standard)	(2 a ,2 b ,2 c ;15/8,3/8,15/8)	F _S -43m (216.77) (standard)	-43m1' (31.2.116)

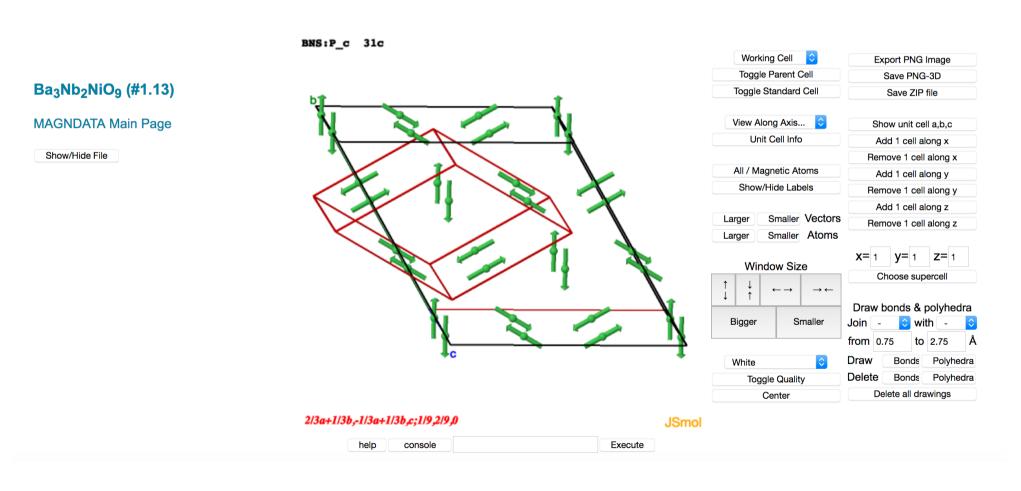
Heading of an entry:





JSmol online 3D visualization

MAGNDATA Structure Viewer: 3D Visualization of magnetic structures with Jmol



MAGNDATA: A collection of magnetic structures with portable cif-type files

A database of more than 1000 published commensurate and incommensurate magnetic structures can be found here. The structures are described using magnetic symmetry (Shubnikov magnetic space groups) in the BNS setting for commensurate structures, and magnetic superspace groups for incommensurate structures. Symmetry is applied both for magnetic moments and atomic positions. The information provided is sufficient to define unambiguously the positions and magnetic moments (if any) of all atoms in the structure. A non-standard setting consistent with the setting of the paramagnetic phase is often used (this setting does not necessarily coincide with the one used in the original reference). A ciflike (.mcif) file of each entry can be downloaded. mcif files are supported by: ISOCIF, ISODISTORT, VESTA, Jmol, JANA2006 and FullProf. ISOCIF can be used to generate an alternative mcif file in a standard setting, as required by ISODISTORT. Vesta files for visualization of a single magnetic unit cell are also available. Any entry can be directly downloaded in StrConvert for editing, visualization,

,	View Full Database						
Element search (separate with sp	pace or con ma):	• AND OR Search					
Enter the label of the structure:	Submit						
Adva	anced Search & Statistics						
To upload any published structure click HERE							

CIF: Crystal Information File/Framework

magCIF: Format extension to magnetic structures

Developed by the IUCr Commission on Magnetic Structures under the direction of Branton Campbell.

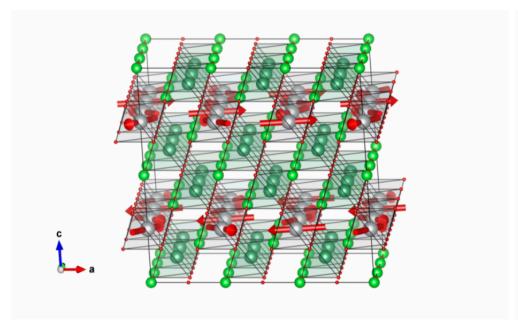
MAGNDATA: A collection of magnetic structures with portable cif-type files

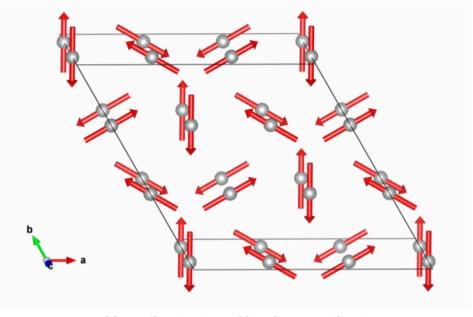
A database of more than 1000 published commensurate and incommensurate magnetic structures can be found here. The structures are described using magnetic symmetry (Shubnikov magnetic space groups) in the BNS setting for commensurate structures, and magnetic superspace groups for incommensurate structures. Symmetry is applied both for magnetic moments and atomic positions. The information provided is sufficient to define unambiguously the positions and magnetic moments (if any) of all atoms in the structure. A non-standard setting consistent with the setting of the paramagnetic phase is often used (this setting does not necessarily coincide with the one used in the original reference). A ciflike (.mcif) file of each entry can be downloaded. mcif files are supported by: ISOCIF, ISODISTORT, VESTA, Jmol, JANA2006 and FullProf. ISOCIF can be used to generate an alternative mcif file in a standard setting, as required by ISODISTORT. Vesta files for visualization of a single magnetic unit cell are also available. Any entry can be directly downloaded in StrConvert for editing, visualization,

magCIF file

```
space group magn.transform BNS Pp abc \frac{2}{3a+1/3b} - \frac{1}{3a+1/3b}, c; \frac{1}{9}, \frac{2}{9}, 0'
_space_group_magn.number_BNS 159.64
_space_group_magn.name_BNS "P_c 31c"
                                                                   transformation to standard.
_space_group_magn.point_group_name "3m1'"
_space_group_magn.point_group_number "19.2.69"
                                                               MSG type identification
_cell_length_a
                               17.2650
_cell_length_b
                               17.2650
_cell_length_c
                               14.1312
_cell_angle_alpha
                               90.0000
cell angle beta
                               90.0000
_cell_angle gamma
                               120,0000
                                                               unit cell (magnetic)
loop
_space_group_symop_magn_operation.id
_space_group_symop_magn_operation.xyz
1 \times v_{z} + 1
2 -y+1/3, x-y+1/3, z, +1
3 - x + y, -x + 1/3, z, +1
4 - x + y, y, z + 1/2, +1
5 -y+1/3,-x+1/3,z+1/2,+1
6 x,x-y+1/3,z+1/2,+1
                                                                Magnetic space group (MSG)
loop_
_space_group_symop_magn_centering.id
_space_group_symop_magn_centering.xyz
1 x, y, z, +1
2 x+1/3, y+2/3, z, +1
3 x+2/3,y+1/3,z,+1
4 x, y, z+1/2, -1
5 x+1/3, y+2/3, z+1/2, -1
6 x+2/3, y+1/3, z+1/2, -1
```

magCIF file loop atom site label _atom_site_type_symbol atom site fract x atom site fract y atom site fract z _atom_site_occupancy Ba1 1 Ba 0.11111 0.22222 0.83190 1 Ba1 2 Ba 0.44444 0.22222 0.83190 1 Ba1_3 Ba 0.88889 0.77778 0.16810 1 Ba2 1 Ba 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 1 Ni1 Ni 0.00000 0.00000 0.25000 1 Nb2 1 Nb 0.11111 0.22222 0.08850 1 Nb2_2 Nb 0.44444 0.22222 0.08850 1 Nb2 3 Nb 0.88889 0.77778 0.91150 1 01_1 0 0.16667 0.00000 0.00000 1 symmetry-independent atomic 01 2 0 0.83333 0.66667 0.00000 1 02 1 0 0.05660 0.94340 0.16312 1 positions 02 2 0 0.05660 0.11320 0.16312 1 02_3 0 0.11320 0.05660 0.83688 1 (split by the lowering of symmetry) 02_4 0 0.94340 0.88680 0.83688 1 loop _atom_site_moment.label atom site moment.crystalaxis x atom site moment crystalaxis y _atom_site_moment.crystalaxis_z atom site moment.symmform _atom_site_moment.magnitude atom site moment spherical azimuthal symmetry-independent magnetic atom site moment.spherical polar Ni1 1.04 2.08 0.0 mx, 2mx, mz 1.8 ? moments spherical coordinates symmetry constraints modulus components (not supported by most programs!)





Magnetic structure with all atoms

Magnetic structure with only magnetic atoms

Reference: J. Hwang, E.S. Choi, F. Ye, C.R.D. Cruz, Y. Xin, H.D. Zhou and P. Schlottmann, Physical Review Letters (2012) 109.

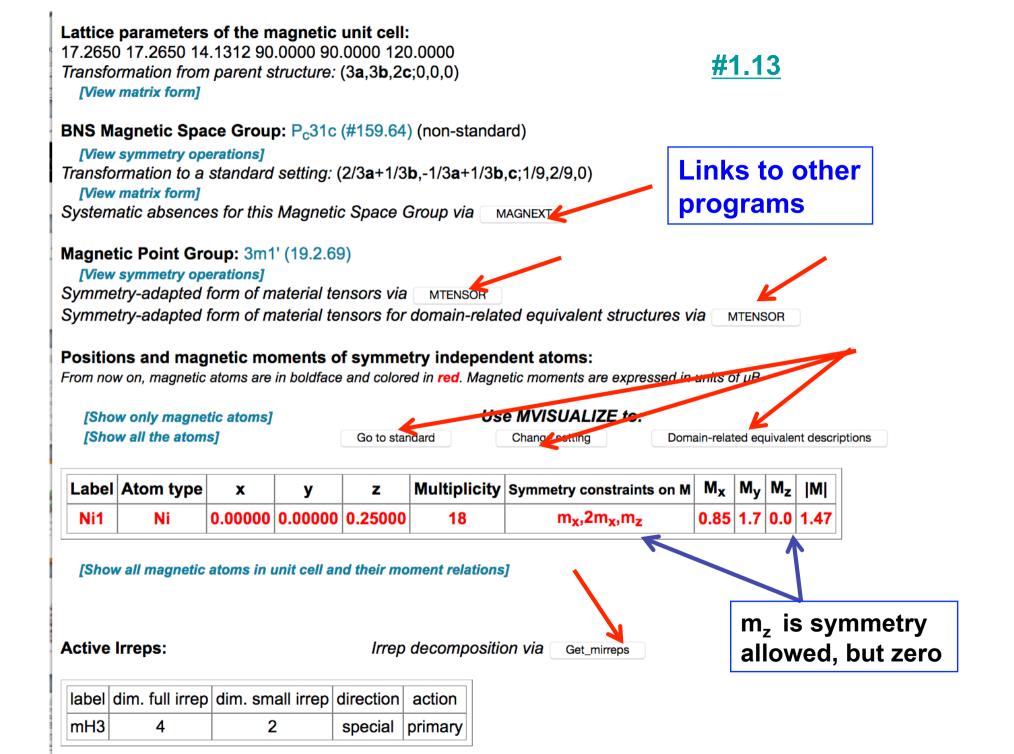
DOI: 10.1103/physrevlett.109.257205 Atomic positions from: ICSD #240280

Parent space group (paramagnetic phase): P-3m1 (#164)

Propagation vector: k1 (1/3, 1/3, 3/2)

Transition Temperature: 4.9 K **Experiment Temperature:** 2 K

the reference (DOI)



Comments:

- NPD
- 120-degrees magnetic ordering
- · multiferroic with magnetic induced ferroelectricity along z.

Comments (symmetry):

k-maximal symmetry

1k magnetic structure

k-maximal magnetic symmetry (from 4 possible)

symmetry-allowed secondary irrep mA1- with k2=3k1=(0,0,1/2),

corresponding to the z component of the Ni moments not observed.

m_z is a third harmonic that can appear through coupling

$Na_3Co(CO_3)_2CI$ (magndata #0.70)

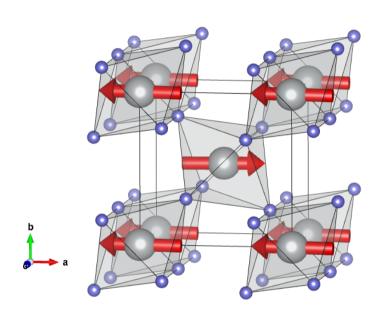
space group: Fd-3 magnetic ordering wih k=(0,0,0)

Possible maximal symmetries compatible with the observed prepagation vector (k-maximal symmetries) Fd-31' Fd'd'd Fd-3 "two in/two out" "all-in/all out"

About 70% of the structures have k-maximal symmetry

NiF₂ magndata #0.36

"historical" weak ferromagnet



$$\mathbf{k} = (0,0,0)$$

 $P4_2/mnm1' \rightarrow Pnn'm' (b,-a,c;0,0,0)$

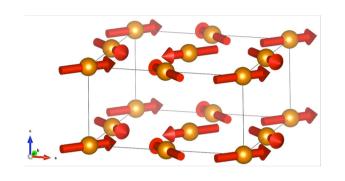
k-maximal symmetry weak FM along y

- PNPD
- my = weak ferromagnetic component
- value of weak F component from macroscopic measurements
- very small orthorhombic strain of the unit cell detected in other studies. A Pnnm structural model consistent with the magnetic symmetry has been reported (icsd 73728)

irrep mGM5 (2-dim), special direction

weak FM is explained by the MSG of the structure

Multi-k structures

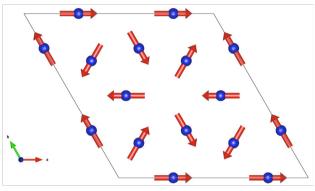


NdMg (#2.14)

Parent: Pm-3m1' P_c4/nbm (2 \mathbf{a}_p , 2 \mathbf{b}_p , \mathbf{c}_p ; 0,0,0)

$$\mathbf{k_1} = (1/2,0,0)$$

$$\mathbf{k_2} = (0,1/2,0)$$



TmAgGe (#3.1)

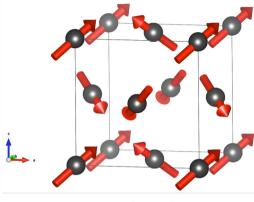
Parent: *P-62m1*′

 $P-6'2m'(2\mathbf{a}_{p},2\mathbf{b}_{p},\mathbf{c}_{p};0,0,0)$

$$\mathbf{k_1} = (1/2, 0, 0)$$

$$\mathbf{k_2} = (1/2, 1/2, 0)$$

$$\mathbf{k_3} = (0, 1/2, 0)$$



NpBi (#3.7)

Parent: Fm-3m1'

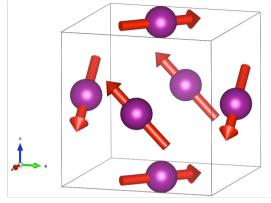
 $Pn-3m'(\mathbf{a}_{p},\mathbf{b}_{p},\mathbf{c}_{p};0,0,0)$

$$\mathbf{k_1} = (1,0,0)$$

$$\mathbf{k_2} = (0,1,0)$$

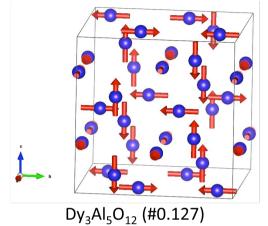
$$\mathbf{k_3} = (0,0,1)$$

multiaxial structures that are single k:

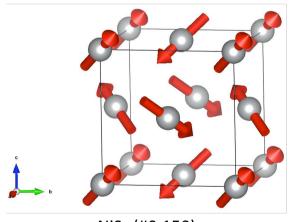


Mn₃Cu_{0.5}Ge_{0.5}N (#0.74) *R-3m* (#166.97)

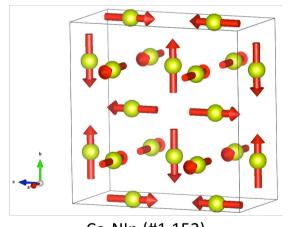




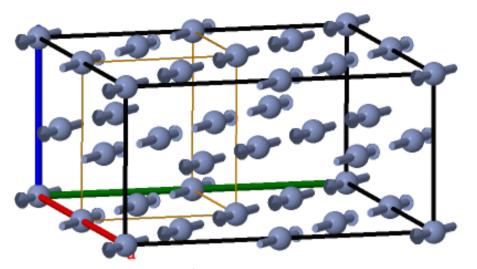
la-3d' (#230.148) $\mathbf{k} = (0, 0, 0)$



NiS₂ (#0.150) Pa-3 (#205.33) $\mathbf{k} = (0, 0, 0)$



Ce₃NIn (#1.152) P_C -4b2 (#117.305) **k** = (0, 1/2, 1/2)



CrN *Phys Rev (1960) 117 929*

Paramagnetic symmetry: Fm-3m1'

k=(1/2,1/2,0)

MSG: Panma

k-maximal symmetry

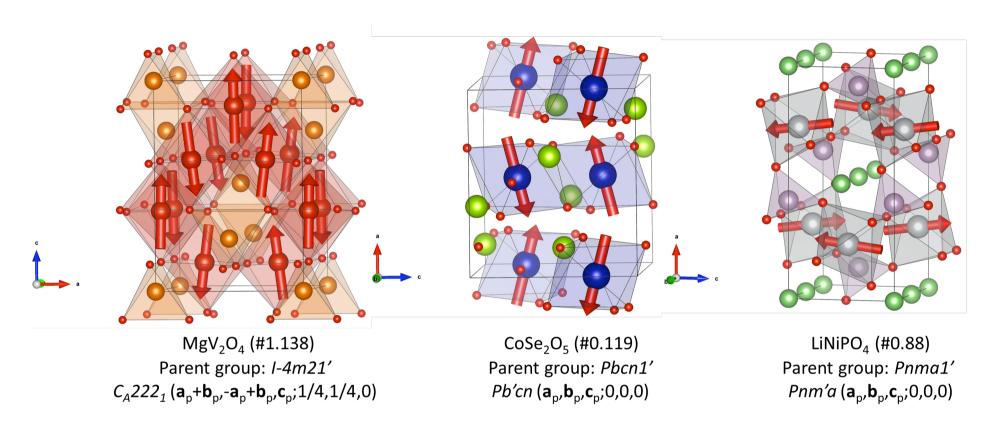
Magndata 1.28

Label	Atom type	x	у	z	Symmetry constraints on M	Mx	My	Mz
Cr1	Cr	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	m _x ,-m _x ,0	1.7	-1.7	0.0

colinear structure – "symmetry protected"

Atom	x	у	z	Symmetry constraints on M
1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	m _x ,-m _x ,0
2	0.50000	0.00000	0.00000	-m _x ,m _x ,0
3	0.00000	0.25000	0.50000	m _x ,-m _x ,0
4	0.75000	0.00000	0.50000	-m _x ,m _x ,0
5	0.50000	0.75000	0.50000	m _x ,-m _x ,0
6	0.25000	0.50000	0.50000	-m _x ,m _x ,0
7	0.25000	0.75000	0.00000	m _x ,-m _x ,0
8	0.25000	0.25000	0.00000	-m _x ,m _x ,0
9	0.75000	0.75000	0.00000	-m _x ,m _x ,0
10	0.25000	0.00000	0.50000	m _x ,-m _x ,0
11	0.00000	0.75000	0.50000	-m _x ,m _x ,0
12	0.75000	0.50000	0.50000	m _x ,-m _x ,0
13	0.50000	0.25000	0.50000	-m _x ,m _x ,0
14	0.50000	0.50000	0.00000	m _x ,-m _x ,0
15	0.00000	0.50000	0.00000	-m _x ,m _x ,0
16	0.75000	0.25000	0.00000	m _x ,-m _x ,0

Spin canting vs. collinearity:



spin canting consistent with the MSG

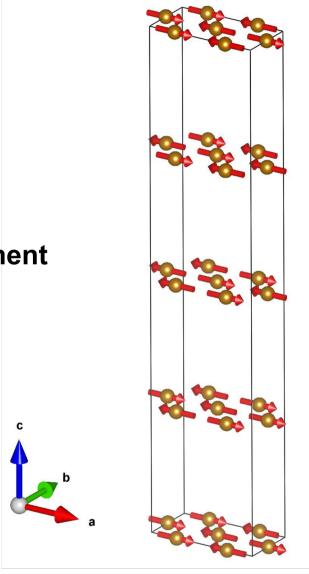
symmetry allowed spin canting is often observed (specially with single crystal diffraction: only 10% strict collinear structures are not forced by symmetry)

La₂O₂Fe₂OSe₂ (#1.58)

k=(1/2,0,1/2)

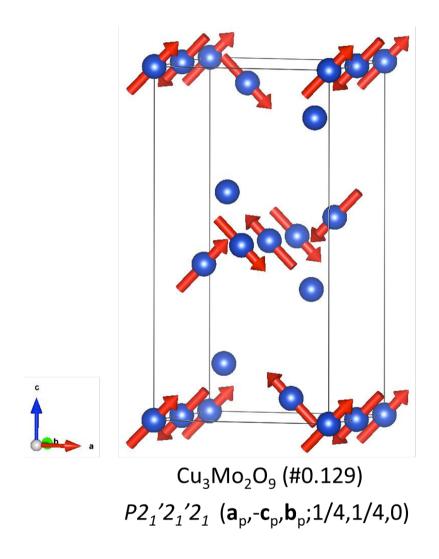
deceptive simplicity of a collinear arrangement

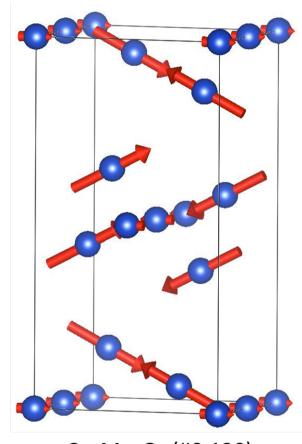
It requires 2 primary Irreps!



 $I4/mmm1' \rightarrow C_c c (a-c,b,c; 0,0,0)$ Polar symmetry!

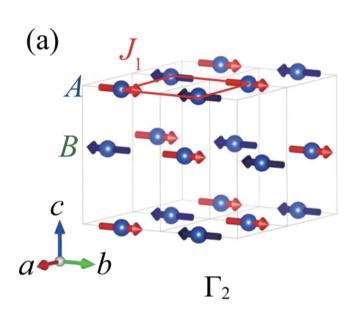
conflicting models:

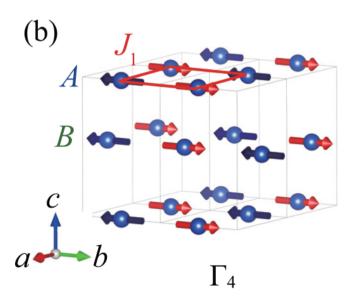




 $Cu_3Mo_2O_9$ (#0.130) $Pm'c2_1'$ (-**b**_p,-**c**_p,**a**_p;0,1/4,1/4)

The confusion between EQUIVALENT (domain-related) magnetic structures and DIFFERENT models fitting equally the diffraction data





SrLaCuSbO₆ (MAGNDATA #1.674)

Phys. Rev. B (2022) $\mathbf{k} = (\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} 0)$

These two arrangements are reported to fit equally well the data....They are claimed to correspond to two different irreps and represent two different alternative models...

BUT in fact: ... they are the **SAME** magnetic structure!

They are related by some of the lost symmetry operations. They represent the two forms that the same magnetic ordering can be realized in the parent structure, forming twin domains

The two irreps are complex conjugate: they cannot yield different REAL magnetic arrangements! They form a SINGLE PHYSICALLY irreducible representation

We do not have validation tools: being in MAGNDATA does not necessarily mean that structure is correct!

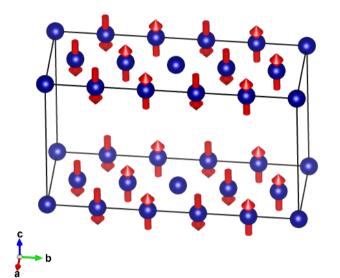
There are "dubious" structures:

1.0.1 Ag₂CrO₂

k=(1/5,1/5,0)

P-3m11' -> C2'/m

trigonal -> monoclinic k-maximal symmetry



reported weak FM inconsistent with the symmetry.

Equality of moments requires existence of reflections correponding to a 3k spin wave, and they were not observed.

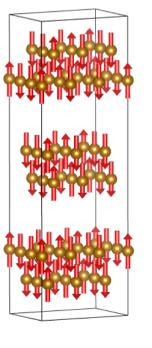
1.0.7 LuFe₂O₄

k=(1/3,1/3,0)

R-3m1' -> C2'/m'

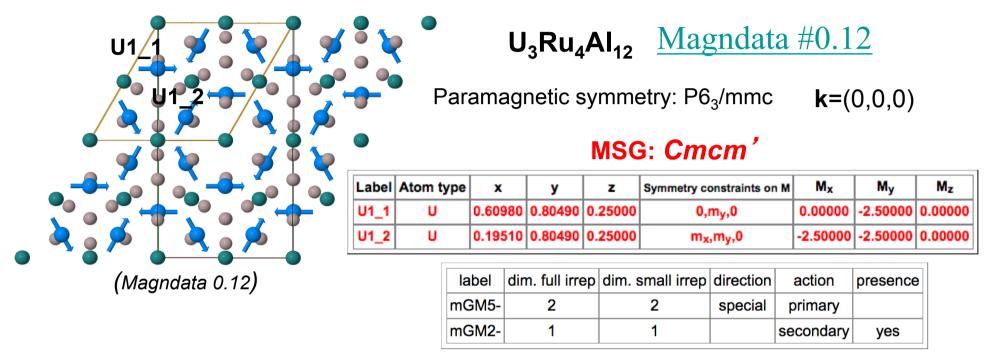
trigonal -> monoclinic k-maximal symmetry





Claimed to be multiferroic, but Inconsistent with symmetry and structure

Apparent (but false) symmetries: this specific "regular" arrangement does not have associated an hexagonal or trigonal symmetry



This magnetic order splits the U atoms into two types

This phase allows that the two U atoms have different non-related moments

The specific relation between the two U moments does NOT restrict the model to the primary irrep, but in fact it implies a very specific combination with the secondary irrep mode.

"Concomitant" structural transitions:

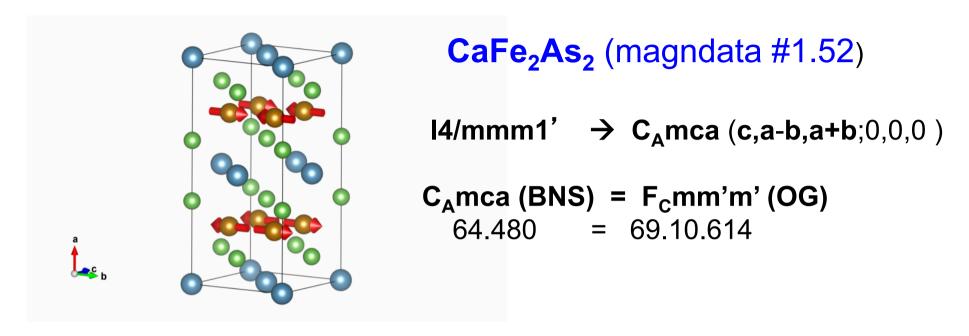
About 60% of the collected structures allow induced structural distortions forbidden in the paramagnetic phase

In most cases, these possible induced structural distortions are negligible and remain unobserved.

But for a few tens of structures a so-called concomitant or simultaneous structural phase transition is reported

In a majority of cases, the structural transition can be explained as a magnetostructural effect due to the magnetic symmetry break and a single phase transition exists.

"Concomitant" structural transition:



"Root" space group in BNS: Cmce (64)

"Root" space group in OG: Fmmm (69)

Expected "Concomitant" symmetry break for structural degrees of freedom:

I4/mmm → *Fmmm*

a Fmmm structural distortion is reported

The illustrative case of **CrN**:

Comment in entry (introduced in 2014...): A Pnma distortion of the atomic positions is reported, but not fully defined. Not included here. The effective space group for atomic positions is not Pnma (62), as assumed in the reference, but Pmmn (59) (the root space group of the OG label of the magnetic space group)....

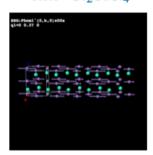
		١			Info	rmation table (2 entries found	0	
	N	Entr	y Structure	Propagation vector(s)	Parent space group	Transformation from parent	Magnetic (super)space group	Magnetic point group
year 1960	1	1.28 CrN		1/2,1/2,0	Fm-3m (225) (standard)	(2 a , 2 b , c ;0,0,0)	P _a nma (62.450) (1/2a+1/2b,-1/4a+1/4b,c;0,1/8,1/4)	mmm1' (8.2.25)
year 2022	2	1.67 CrN		1/2,1/2,0	Fm-3m (225) (standard)	(a+b,-1/2a+1/2b,c;1/2,3/4,1/4)	P _a nma (62.450) (standard)	mmm1' (8.2.25)

Comment in entry: The structure has a strong structural orthorhombic distortion according to the space group Pmmn, which is consistent with the MSG of the phase, and is concomitant with the magnetic transition....

INCOMMENSURATE STRUCTURES

One propagation vector

1.1.1 Cs₂CuCl₄



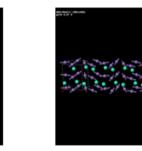
1.1.6 TbMnO₃



1.1.11 MnWO₄

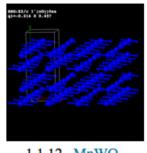
>140 entries



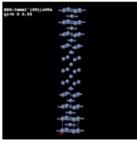


1.1.7 TbMnO₃

1.1.2 RbFe(MoO₄)₂



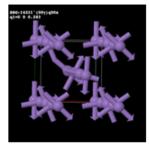
1.1.12 MnWO₄



1.1.3 Cr



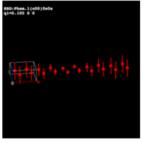
1.1.8 TbMnO₃



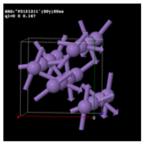
1.1.13 MnAu₂



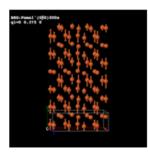
1.1.4 Cr



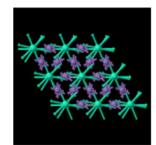
 $1.1.9 \quad Ce_2Pd_2Sn$



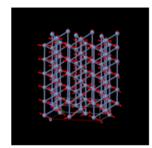
1.1.14 MnGe



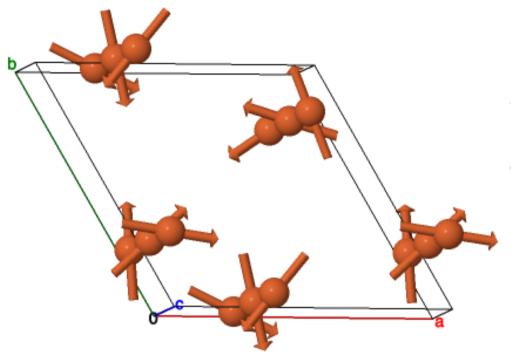
1.1.5 CaFe₄As₃



1.1.10 DyMn₆Ge₆



1.1.15 CaCr₂O₄



$Ba_3NbFe_3Si_2O_{14}$ (#1.1.17)

P3211′(00γ)000s

Symmetry described by a magnetic superspace group (MSSG)

Symmetry operations of the magnetic space group in the setting used:

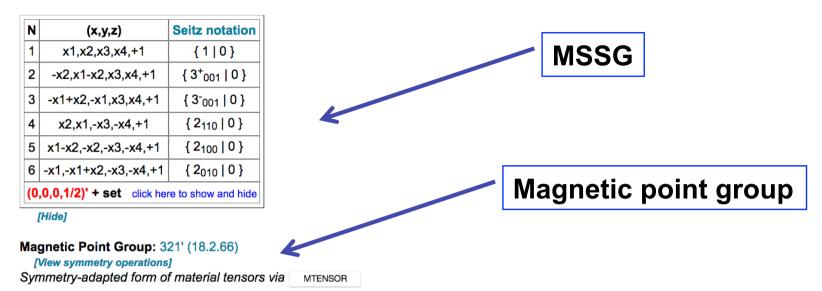
N	(x,y,z)	Seitz notation							
1	x1,x2,x3,x4,+1	{1 0}							
2	-x2,x1-x2,x3,x4,+1	{ 3 ⁺ 001 0 }							
3	-x1+x2,-x1,x3,x4,+1	{3-001 0}							
4	x2,x1,-x3,-x4,+1	{2 ₁₁₀ 0}							
5	x1-x2,-x2,-x3,-x4,+1	{ 2 ₁₀₀ 0 }							
6	-x1,-x1+x2,-x3,-x4,+1	{ 2 ₀₁₀ 0 }							
(0	(0,0,0,1/2)' + set click here to show and hide								

[Hide]

Magnetic Superspace Group: P3211'(00y)000s

[View symmetry operations]

Symmetry operations of the magnetic space group in the setting used:



Average positions, magnetic moments and magnetic modulations of symmetry independent atoms:



Average atomic positions of symmetry independent atoms

Label	Atom type	x	у	z	Multiplicity
Fe1	Fe	0.24964(4)	0	0.5	3

Magnetic moment modulation parameters of symmetry independent atoms

Average positions and average moments, If any

Spin modulations

Wave vector 1

	Magnetic moment Fourier Cos coeffs					Magnetic moment Fourier Sin coeffs						
Atom	Symmetry constraints			Nu	Numerical values		Symmetry constraints			Numerical values		
	x	у	z	x	у	z	x	у	z	x	у	Z
Fe1	M _x cos1	0	0	4	0.0	0.0	M _x sin1	2M _x sin1	M _z sin1	-2.31	-4.62	0.0

[Show all magnetic atoms in unit cell and their moment relations]

Magnetic moment modulation parameters of symmetry independent atoms

Wave vector 1

	Magnetic moment Fourier Cos coeffs					Magnetic moment Fourier Sin coeffs							
Atom	Symmetry constraints			Nui	Numerical values			Symmetry constraints			Numerical values		
	x	у	z	x	у	z	x	у	z	x	у	z	
Fe1	M _x cos1	0	0	4	0.0	0.0	M _x sin1	2M _x sin1	M _z sin1	-2.31	-4.62	0.0	

[Show all magnetic atoms in unit cell and their moment relations]

Average positions and magnetic moments of all atoms in unit cell, with magnetic moment relations explicitly given:

Set of atoms in the unit cell related by symmetry with the magnetic atom Fe1:

Average atomic positions

Atom	x	у	Z		
1	0.24964	0.00000	0.50000		
2	0.00000	0.24964	0.50000		
3	0.75036	0.75036	0.50000		

Magnetic moment modulation parameters

-M_xcos1

0

-4.00000

-4.00000

Wave vector 1

Magnetic moment Fourier Cos coeffs Magnetic moment Fourier Sin coeffs Symmetry constraints **Numerical values Symmetry constraints Numerical values Atom** X X У Z X y Z X y Z У Z M_xcos1 0 0 4.00000 0.0 0.0 M_xsin1 2M_xsin1 M_zsin1 -2.31000 -4.62000 1 0.0 M_xcos1 0.0 4.00000 -2M_xsin1 -M_xsin1 M_zsin1 4.62000 2.31000 2 0 0.0 0 0.0

0.0

M_xsin1

-M_xsin1

M_zsin1

-2.31000

2.31000

0.0

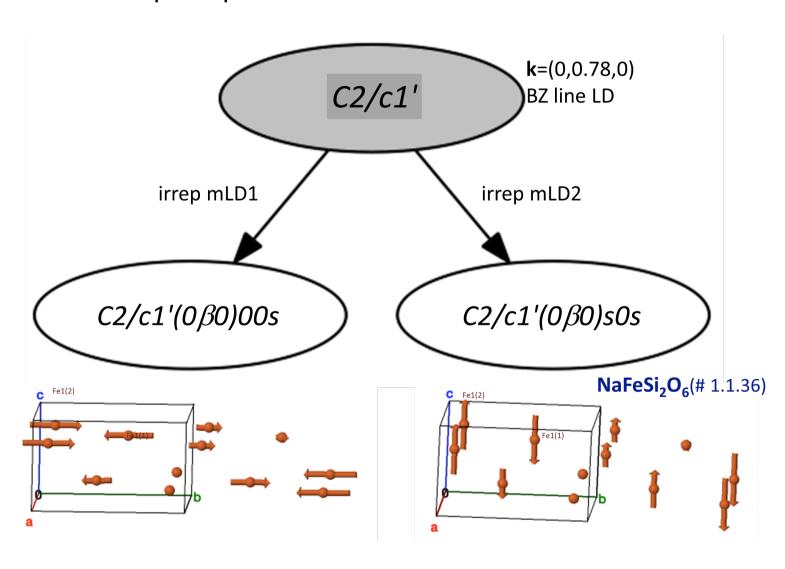
Relations between the spin modulations of all the atoms in the unit cell

-M_xcos1

3

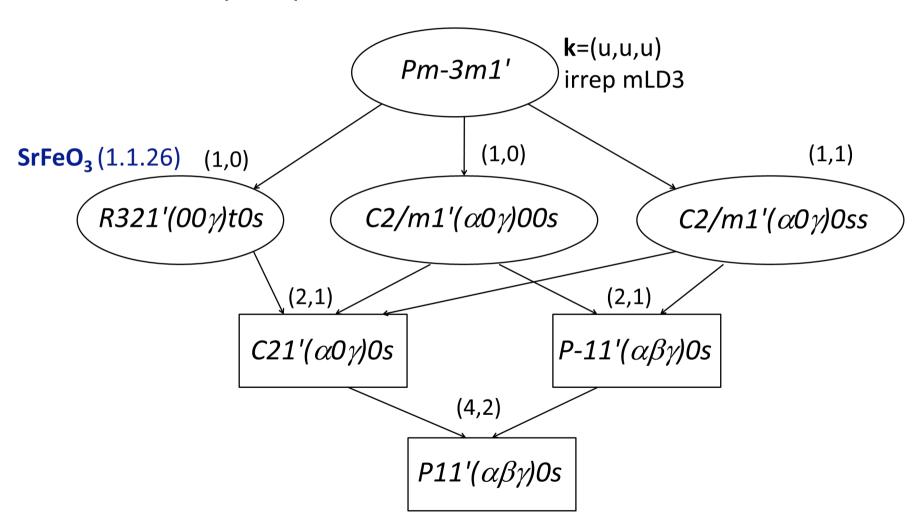
Possible MSSGs and the corresponding models have been derived using JANA2006 or ISODISTORT

for each irrep the possible MSSGs and models are derived:



Possible MSSGs and the corresponding models have been derived using JANA2006 or ISODISTORT

for each irrep the possible MSSGs and models are derived:



MAGNDATA: A Collection of magnetic structures with portable cif-type files

Log in

MAGNDATA: A collection of magnetic structures with portable cif-type files

A database of more than 1000 published commensurate and incommensurate magnetic structures can be found here. The structures are described using magnetic symmetry (Shubnikov magnetic space groups) in the BNS setting for commensurate structures, and magnetic superspace groups for incommensurate structures. Symmetry is applied both for magnetic moments and atomic positions. The information provided is sufficient to define unambiguously the positions and magnetic moments (if any) of all atoms in the structure. A non-standard setting consistent with the setting of the paramagnetic phase is often used (this setting does not necessarily coincide with the one used in the original reference). A ciflike (.mcif) file of each entry can be downloaded. mcif files are supported by: ISOCIF, ISODISTORT, VESTA, Jmol, JANA2006 and FullProf. ISOCIF can be used to generate an alternative mcif file in a standard setting, as required by ISODISTORT. Vesta files for visualization of a single magnetic unit cell are also available. Any entry can be directly downloaded in StrConvert for editing, visualization,

view	ruli Dalabase						
Element search (separate with space	or comma):	• AND OR Search					
Enter the label of the structure:	Submit						
Advance	d Search & Statistics	5					
To upload any published structure click HERE							
Many value as a las	1.5 4.5 5.5.55						

Many Full Database

Now you can help to complete the database and submit your structure(s) or any other published structure that is not yet in the collection

MAGNDATA File Upload Page

Welcome to MAGNDATA File Upload Section. Any published commensurate magnetic structure that is not already present in MAGNDATA can be uploaded here.

- The upload can be performed not only by the authors of the publication reporting the structure, but also by anybody, thinking that this structure should be in this database.
- The uploaded files, if consistent, will be processed and transformed by the Bilbao Crystallographic Server team into a more complete form to be included in the database.
- Once the structure has been finally included in MAGNDATA, the uploader will be informed by e-mail. Also, in case we encounter any problems / have some questions & comments about the data, it is essential that we have your e-mail information.
- The necessary upload process is limited to a zip file containing two files, that are:
 - 1. A PDF file of the publication, where the magnetic structure was reported.
 - 2. A CIF file of the magnetic structure using the magCIF format and having ".mcif" as its extension. This .mcif file must have certain features and information to be appropriate for MAGNDATA.

To download the instructions on how to prepare a .mcif file of the magnetic structure that can be uploaded in MAGNDATA click here.

Before proceeding to the file uploads, please provide your name, email and brief info (*injobeing optional*). Once you have submitted these information, you'll be taken to the file submission page.

Your Name:					
Your e-mail:					
Brief info abo	ut the stru	cture voi	u are abo	ut to subm	it:
		eval e y o			
					//.
Dragged to File	Unloado				
Proceed to File	Uploads				

Instructions for the preparation of a magCIF file of a (published) commensurate magnetic structure, for uploading in the database MAGNDATA at the Bilbao Crystallographic Server.

In order to upload a commensurate magnetic structure in MAGNDATA only two files are required . One is a pdf file of the published article where this magnetic structure was reported, and the other one must be a magCIF file with the necessary information on the magnetic structure.

We call a magCIF file a CIF file, which uses the so-called magCIF extension for the description magnetic structures. In the Bilbao crystallographic server such type of files are given the extension ".mcif", to be distinguished from CIF files of ordinary non-magnetic structures with the extension ".cif".

The magCIF file to be introduced in MAGNDATA must fulfill some specific requirements and these instructions explain in detail how to prepare it to be fully adapted for MAGNDATA.

Tutorial on MAGNDATA:

Magnetic Symmetry and Applications MGENPOS General Positions of Magnetic Space Groups **MWYCKPOS** Wyckoff Positions of Magnetic Space Groups MKVEC A The k-vector types and Brillouin zones of Magnetic Space Groups Identification of a Magnetic Space Group from a set of generators in an **IDENTIFY MAGNETIC GROUP** arbitrary setting **BNS2OG** Transformation of symmetry operations between BNS and OG settings mCIF2PCR Transformation from mCIF to PCR format (FullProf). **MPOINT** Magnetic Point Group Tables **MAGNEXT** Extinction Rules of Magnetic Space Groups Maximal magnetic space groups for a given space group and a propagation **MAXMAGN** vector **MAGMODELIZE** Magnetic structure models for any given magnetic symmetry Convert & Edit Structure Data **STRCONVERT** (supports the CIF, mCIF, VESTA, VASP formats -- with magnetic information where available) Magnetic subgroups consistent with some given propagation vector(s) or a k-SUBGROUPSMAG supercell **MAGNDATA** A collection of magnetic structures with portable cif-type files **MVISUALIZE** 3D Visualization of magnetic structures with Jmol MTENSOR A Symmetry-adapted form of crystal tensors in magnetic phases MAGNETIC REP. Decomposition of the magnetic representation into irreps Irreps and order parameters in a paramagnetic space group- magnetic **Get_mirreps** subgroup phase transition

Tutorial_magnetic_sect ion_BCS_3 section 3